THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN. FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1868. VOL. 29.—NO. 8

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—The Cotton Shed on Jefferson st. ext, near Fourth. Apply to JAMES H. CASH, at City Inspector's office. sep10 1w

FOR RENT.—STOREHOUSE, No. 11 Union street, (Lee Block), 194 feet deep—now occupied by Galbreath, Stewart & Co. Also a Basement and Offices in the Knickerbocker Building, Nos. 16 and 18 Madison street. Apply to WM. RICHARDSON HUNT, sep5 tf No. 15 Union street.

FOR RENT.—That large and commodious WAREHOUSE, known as E. M. Apperson & Co.'s, corner of Fourth and Jefferson streets, for rent low to a good tenant. The Lessee will receive the patronage of the undersigned. E. M. APPERSON & CO., sep2 1m 288½, Front street,

FOR RENT.—A FIRST CLASS COTTON SHED, centrally located. Rent from the 1st September. Apply to H. S. DUNSCOMB, au13 1m DeSoto Bank.

FOR RENT.—The large COTTON SHED of Wormeley & Pickett, on Madison street, extending through to Court; also the splendid Store and Cellar, No. 37 Adams street. Possession given immediately. Apply to WORMELEY, PICKETT & CO., au9 37 Adams street.

FOR RENT.—Up-stairs, No. 19 Jefferson street, two Rooms suitable for offices or sleeping rooms. Apply at Appeal office. mh1

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

HORSE and Buggy.—A very fine and thoroughly broken family horse, with a new open Buggy and Harness—all in complete order—will be sold low. Inquire at Boecher & Co.'s, No. 331 Main street, or of JOE SELIGMAN, se8 1w Corner Union and Third streets.

Land for Sale.

300 ACRES, more or less, of good rich timbered unimproved Land, on Raleigh and Cuba Road, on Big Creek, Shelby county, will be offered at private sale, for cash, until Monday, September the 28th, when, if not sold, the same will be sold at public auction at the Circuit Courthouse door in Memphis. Apply to LUCY T. RALSTON, Executrix of John Ralston, dec'd. Big Creek, Or M. D. L. STEWART. sep1 1d Memphis.

FOR SALE—PATENT RIGHT.—The Patent Right of a newly invented "Lock Guard" for any State in the Union can be secured by application to the undersigned. It is useful, and will pay active men who engage in its sale. One in use at this office, where those interested can inspect it. Address SAM SHLOSS, Appeal. au9 1t

FOR SALE OR LEASE.—Beautiful, shaded and choice Building Lots, fronting on favorite residence streets, either cleared or with fine forest trees—very low. W. A. WHEATLEY, Agent Mrs. Col. Preston, No. 5 Bethel Block. jy22 2m

SUBURBAN LANDS AND RESIDENCE FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS.—My lands, 3 miles east of the city, are for sale, on terms to suit purchasers, for cash or on any time—from one to ten years, and in any quantity—from 3 acres to 300. My residence, with from 14 to 23 acres land, will be sold at a great bargain, for cash, or on the usual terms. Apply to myself, on the premises, or to Boyster, Trezevant & Co., my agents, in the city. jel7 N. M. TREZEVANT.

WANTS.

WANTED—By a paying tenant, a small House with four rooms and kitchen, or small storeroom and three rooms attached. Give lowest terms and location. Address Tenant, Appeal office sep9 3t

WANTED—I want to exchange my improved city property, valued at $3000 cash, for country property of same valuation, or will take dry goods to that amount. Address K. S., Appeal Office. au8

WANTED.—5000 bushels DRIED APPLES AND PEACHES. Highest market price paid at G. A. ECKERT'S, 344 Front street, between Union and Gayoso streets. au24 4w

WANTED.—A situation as Book-keeper by an experienced business man and thorough accountant. Address B. C., Appeal office. au20

WANTED.—By an accomplished Southern Lady a situation as Teacher of the Piano and Singing in a private family or young ladies' seminary. References of the highest respectability given. Address L. M., care Col. A. DeGray Fennel, No. 50 Second street, Memphis. au19 1m

AGENTS WANTED.—Campaign Lives of SEYMOUR AND BLAIR, and GRANT AND COLFAX, beautifully colored Charts, Steel Portraits, Pins, Badges. Everything for the times—every voter wants them. GOODSPEED & CO., au18 1m Memphis or New York.

WANTED.—DRIED APPLES AND PEACHES. None but bright halves. Also, No. 1 SWEET POTATOES. McDONALD & WOODWORTH, au12 1m Corner of Front and Union Sts.

BOARDING.

BOARDING.—Furnished Rooms with Board, at 161 Second street. References required. sep6

NOTICES.

Notice.

I HAVE a good EIGHTY SAW PRATT GIN, which I will sell cheap. I refer to Messrs. Galbreath, Stewart & Co. A. WRIGHT. se8 tf

Notice.

ALL persons whom it may concern are hereby notified that Certificate No. 219 for eight shares, and Certificate No. 1016 for five shares of stock in the Memphis and Charleston Railroad have been lost or mislaid, application has been made for a re-issue of said stock. MATTHEW J. COX. Memphis, May 5, 1868. sep6 1w

Notice.

I HAVE two beautiful and well improved Plantations in Lee county, Ga., within three miles of the city of Albany, bounded by one of the best railroads in the State, and a fine Lot and commodious Dwelling in the city, which I will gladly sell or exchange for other property, nearer to me. A. WRIGHT. ap18

INSURANCE.

W. H. MOORE, AGENT,

4 1-2 Madison Street.

je21 3m

Liberal Conditions. Equitable Rates. Prompt Settlements.

THE GEORGIA HOME INSURANCE COMPANY

Of Columbus, Ga. Incorporated 1850.

Paid in Capital.....$350 000 00
Assets January 1, 1868..... 416,280 87

$20,000 IN BONDS DEPOSITED WITH the Comptroller of Tennessee. Blank forms furnished, and all inquiries promptly answered, on application in person or by letter.

JAS. F. BOZEMAN, Pres't. D. F. WILCOX, Sec'y.

W. H. MOORE, Agent, 4 1-2 Madison street, je21 3m Memphis, Tenn.

CINCINNATI.

JOHN DUBOIS, JAS. S. AUGUR, W. H. WILLIAMS

DUBOIS & AUGUR,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AND DEALERS IN

PLANTATION SUPPLIES,

47 Race Street, Cincinnati.

sep9 3m

COTTON---COMMISSION

SAMUEL MOSBY. CHARLES DORION, JR.

MOSBY & DORION,

Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants,

Office—No. 15 Mosby & Hunt's Building, Up-Stairs,

No. 304 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

CONSIGNMENTS of Cotton for sale or shipment solicited. Orders accompanying consignments carefully and promptly executed. Bagging, Rope and Supplies furnished at lowest market rates. Cotton in store and by river insured, unless otherwise ordered. sep4 daw3m

MASONIC DIRECTORY. 1868.

LODGES.

ARGENSOA, No. 158, Meets 1st Monday in every month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, cor. Court and Main. D. B. Forster, 234 Front street, W. M.; John Beamish, Sec'y.

SOUTH MEMPHIS, No. 118. Meets 2d Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second.

CARLA SCOTT, No. 289. Meets 1st Friday of each month—Hall, corner Madison and Second. Moses Seelig, W. M.; C. Curtis, Sec.

HAMILTON, No. 299. Meets 3d Friday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. H. J. Lynn, W. M.; W. H. Butts, Sec.

KILWINNING, No. 341. Meets 4th Friday of each month—at South Memphis Hall, corner of Madison and Second. George Mellerah, 32d°, W. M.; H. K. Pullen, 32d°, Sec.

ROYAL ARCH.

ENN Chapter, No. 4. Meets 2d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, M. E. H. P.; E. M. Levy, Sec'y.

R. AND S. M.

UREKA Council, No. 6. Meets 3d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, Th. Ill.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

TEMPLARS.

JYRENE Commandery, No. 4. Meets 4th Monday of each month. John Zent, Com.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

A. ·. AND A. · SCOTTISH RITE.

3d *Front Street.*

HERMES AND MITHRAS Lodges meet in connection 4th Wednesday in every month. F. Mellersh, Secretary.

JASPHIA Council of Princes of Jernsalem, 16th.; No. 1. Benj. K. Pullen, 32d., Tarsh·.; —— Sec·.

CALVARY CHAPTER of Rose Croix, 18th., No. 1. Charles W. Adams, 32d, M.· W.·.; M. T. Tomlinson, 32d, Sec·.

PHILIPPE DUPLESSIS Council of K—h, 30th., No. 1. Henry F. Woodard, 32d., Comm.·.; William Y. Clrode, 32d, Rec·.

CONSISTORY OF WEST TENNESSEE, 32d. John Almalie, 32d., Comm.·. in Chief; Dodge O. Trader, 32d, Reg.·.

I. O. O. F.

GAYOSO ENCAMPMENT, No. 2, I. O. O. F. Meets on the 1st and 3d Thursday ubvhis of each month. J. H. McClure, C. P.; F. Mellersh, H. P.; Thomas Bacon, Scribe. je4

MEMPHIS LODGE, No. 6.—Meets every Tuesday night. F. Mellersh, N. G.; M. Pump, Secretary.

CHICKASAW LODGE, No. 8.—Meets every Monday night at 8 o'clock. Dr. George W. Acree, N. G.; Thomas Bacon, Secretary. jy12

ALL SORTS.

—A potential dance—the can can.

—The best head-quarters—brains.

—Marine security—the hold of a ship.

—The beginning of wisdom—the letter W.

—Monogram ear-rings have just made their appearance.

—Can a physician be called a remover of disabilities?

—At Niagara, no tourist, however fierce, can help giving quarters.

—The old-fashioned changeable silks will be in vogue this fall and winter.

—When a man is annoyed to death by dead-beats, what is his desire? Di-a-betes.

—The objection to a merchant telling untruths is that it increased his lie-abilities.

—Birds of Paradise will ornament the new-fashioned winter bonnets—so they tell us.

—It is "fashionable," we are informed, for a lady to cut her finger nails pointed. Indeed!

—Shakespeare talks of suffering a sea change. Everything that changes must suffer a C change.

—A man who has had his say—William Tell. A man who has had his day—the Dey of Algiers.

—The Kamschadales, who never use toothbrushes, have the finest teeth in the world.

—A rich bed of iron ore and a chalybeate spring have lately been discovered in Nelson county, Va.

—Promenade toilets of striped serge will be the rage next winter. They are comfortable and made up very stylish.

—The consolidation of the Erie and Atlantic and Great Western with the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad is talked of.

—A Mr. John Esty, of Derry, was recently married to a Miss Lee, the bride being seventy and the groom eighty-four years of age.

—Menken's last sickness was induced by extravagant revelry at a "blow out" given in honor of her taking a residence in a pretty cottage at Bougival.

—The precise quality of affection of a railroad tie has never yet been ascertained. No doubt, however, it is sort of hard.

—Hop picking has begun. It is thought that the total crop of the country will reach 124,000 bales, of which only 95,000 will be required for home consumption.

—A man about town says he is so troubled concerning the question of returning to specie payments, that he compromises with his conscience by not paying his debts either in coin or currency.

—Robert Ravill's house in Pierson, Montcalm county, Michigan, was burned Monday morning, and five children perished in the flames. Mrs. Ravill, with her babe and eldest son were saved by jumping from a window.

—Euphemism is high art in California. A paper of that State speaks of an enterprising and highly successful murderer as having "a wonderful talent for bereaving any family he does not happen to like."

—A needle has lately been successfully removed from the windpipe of Mrs. Martin Clace, of Taunton, Mass. She accidentally drew it into her windpipe a fortnight since, and would probably have died in consequence, but for the relief afforded by a successful surgical operation.

—"Kringle" is the *soubriquet* of a "funny man" who is contributing articles to the *Star*, of Shenectady, N. Y. He says that on the cats he "don't go very heavy. Not so much on account of their staying out late nites, dispensing mournful lirricks, as the habit they have of going intew fits and playing Mazeppa on the ceiling."

—One of our compositors, says a Boston paper, is a firm believer in the beneficial effects of base ball, and although he made his appearance this morning with a broken thumb and has had two fingers broken previously, he still advocates the desirableness of this class of amusement. Our "devil" was also unfortunate yesterday, while witnessing a game on the Common. He stopped a ball with his mouth, which presents an appearance decidedly African to-day.

—In 1847 the United States was engaged in a war with Mexico. James K. Polk, Democrat, was then President of the United States. Armies and munitions of war had to be transported thousands of miles to the scene of conflict. Yet the whole expense during these four years was only ninety millions of dollars, while during the present year, and the three or four years past, the expenses have been about one hundred and twenty millions of dollars, so that it cost thirty millions of dollars more for the Radicals to run the department in a single year in the time of peace than for four years during a foreign war under a Democratic administration.

—It is stated the project of uniting Lake Huron and Lake Ontario bids fair to be a reality. Able engineers have decided that the work is feasible, and that it will not cost more than $40,000,000 It was proposed to raise $20,000,000 of this in the United States and $20,000,000 in England. These loans were to be secured by a grant of 10,000 acres of land by the Canadian Government. Mr. Frederick Capreol, of Toronto, has under taken the financial management of the enterprise. Some time ago he succeeded in obtaining guarantees from American capitalists that they would furnish $20,000,000 if the balance should be subscribed in Europe and the land grant secured. For several months he has been in England, and it is said that his prospects of success in securing the other $20,000,000 are very satisfactory. When that is secured it will only be necessary to obtain the land grant before work can be commenced.

ADDRESS,

Delivered by T. W. Brown, Esq., before "Young Men's Independent Democratic Club,"

At New Memphis Theater, August 5, 1868.

THE GRAVITY OF THE TIMES.

The present is no ordinary period of the career of the American States. It is one of those fateful passages of time, which occur in the history of every vigorous nation, and in the progress of every great people. Embracing the gravest social and political issues of the passing hour, and poising on its current incidents the material interests of all classes and conditions of our population, it stretches by virtue of the results, that will flow from the now occurring and rapidly approaching events far into the FUTURE, and will determine for weal or for woe during a long succession of years, if not for all time, the destinies of the REPUBLIC. Within the compass of a few rapidly fleeting months are embraced the fate of great STATES and the liberties of half a continent.

HOW THE PENDING CONTEST DIFFERS FROM THOSE OF OTHER DAYS.

All thoughtful minds must be penetrated with a profound conviction as to the gravity of the times and the critical nature of the pending election throughout the Union. All must, on the slightest reflection, recognize that we are not now actors in such contests of party, as were usual in the better days of the Republic. Then, however, divergent in opinion on questions of administrative policy, all concurred in a sincere reverence for the Constitution, and obeyed it. No faction, however reckless, dared to touch with impious hands the ark of our liberties, or sought to destroy the ancient form and substance of our freedom. Amid the utmost antagonism of views, and with the utmost boldness of inquiry, each of the contending parties strove one with the other, in virtuous emulation how best to preserve its consecrated franchises. The conflict of this hour is not thus noble and generous. It is not even the contest between the MONTAGUE and CAPULET. It is not even as innoxious as a question between rival dynasties, antagonised by an honorable ambition, whose divisions, though rugged even to blood, did not contemplate the extinction of the State, nor include necessarily the oppression and dishonor of the citizen, however inconvenient and disturbing to the general peace may have been their feud. It is not the mere adversary array of popular factions, induced by those rival interests which under a free government may legitimately aggregate men into opposing organizations, without jeopardizing the liberty of the people or subverting the commonwealth.

THE NATURE OF THE PRESENT CONFLICT.

On the contrary, it is again in this year of grace, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, and in the ninety-second year of American independence, the same struggle, in principle, which engaged the intelligence and energies of our fathers during the ten years that preceded the armed conflict of 1776. Again are presented the same questions of taxation without representation—of an unequal distribution of public burdens—of oppressive levies to sustain wasteful and illegal expenditures—of partial and class legislation—of the subordination of the civil to military authority—of ruling by the sword, instead of by law and justice—of holding one part of a common country in the condition of conquered provinces, to be controlled alone by arbitrary power, while gradually encroaching on the liberties of all. On the one hand is the same demand for ancient and constitutional methods of administration—for ancient and constitutional rights coeval with *magna charta* and incorporated into the colonial foundations on which our States were reared. On the other, the response to this demand is the same brutal threat of force—the same claim of unquestioning obedience to arbitrary power, that was embodied in the truculent order of PITCAIRN at Lexington, when he shouted to the patriot bands there assembled, "disperse, ye rebels, disperse." Now, as then, technical authority, installed to a large extent in office against the will of the people, and almost entirely retaining place in opposition to that will, seeks to perpetuate itself by depriving the citizen daily of some right or privilege, whereby formerly he might protect himself and the State against usurpation. Now, as then, official incumbency boldly strives to relieve itself from responsibility to the people, and on their prostrate liberties to erect again the fabric of absolute power. Now as then, under the power of a doubtful legitimacy, one branch of the magistracy of our nation seeks to concentrate in itself all the powers of government, and in the name of law, violates all law, as the Parisian mob in the name of liberty violated all freedom. Now as then, the external forms of municipal freedom are with a refinement of cruelty converted into the most facile instruments of oppression.

EFFORT TO SECURE THE MAJORITY TO THE MINORITY, AND BY FORCE TO CONTROL THE ELECTION.

The protests of freemen against all this are met by the insolent boast, that these courses are approved at the ballot box, *from which these freemen are excluded;* while new measures are proposed to still further render vain and futile the elective franchise as a restraint on arbitrary rule—and to subject in the nation the majority of its citizens to the will of a minority, as has already been accomplished in eleven States. With the haughtiness of Tarquins, the suffering masses are told that they must endure their present tyrants until these are changed, in due course, by elections, *while every device of fraud, illegality and force is plied to prevent, curtail or postpone a fair expression at the polls of the popular will.* Though apparently now entering on a free election, and ostensibly submitting to a general vote their policies for a verdict, yet we find schemes projected, canvassed and discussed by those now in control of the Government, whereby hostile suffrage may be either excluded or intimidated. Many wise patriots even apprehend that the sword will yet intervene to render our coming election NAPOLEONIC, and transform the ballot-box into the mere register of autocratic will, while few believe that their revolutionary audacity in this direction will be limited by any consideration other than their fears.

This is the complexion of the contest now pending in the Republic. It is certainly grave and momentous, beyond any parallel to be found in our history.

THE CONSEQUENCES MORE IMPORTANT TO NORTH AND SOUTH THAN THE LATE CIVIL WAR. GENERAL FOREBODINGS.

The consequences that hang on its issue involve the prosperity alike of the North and South. In its result there is for each almost an equality of misery or happiness. However pregnant the late armed strife between the SECTIONS may have appeared to each of the belligerents, however essential each may have regarded success, or however disastrous each may have held defeat, as affecting life, liberty or property, while the affray moved along to its bloody climax, it may now be easily seen how far below the present contest it really was in significance and importance. The NORTH might have failed and still have preserved constitutional freedom, which, with the utmost success, she has not retained. She certainly would not have declined in material prosperity. The SOUTH might have accomplished entire triumph and lost in anarchy her liberties. Thus success did not necessarily assure to either that greatest boon for a Republic, and without which it must and ought soon to perish—a stable liberty.

Not so the present conflict. The intelligence of America, with that sort of unerring sagacity, which apprizes the brute creation of the presence of danger, already apprehends the terrors of the situation. Without labored, logical processes, there is with all a nervous sensibility to the threatening portents, that surround us. All feel that the American system is on its final trial. All are conscious that it has for years past swung frightfully out of that prescribed orbit assigned to it by the wisdom of our fathers, and that it now moves darkling in political space, like some planet unhinged and with half its constituent stars as rayless as Egyptian night. It glows no longer with the illuminating and fructifying splendors of a fixed central sun, ripening for mankind the fruits of peace and prosperity, and irradiating a world; but sheds only the baleful and self-consuming light of an unloosed comet, hastening with a rapid flame toward its own extinction.

THE LATE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.—ITS APPREHENSIONS.—ITS PATRIOTISM AND CHARACTER.

Such was the fearful estimate of the situation entertained by that large concourse of truly great men, which assembled in convention at New York on the 4th of July just passed—a day most appropriately selected by them for the inauguration of their beneficent councils, and in its glorious memories fitly harmonizing with their patriotic purposes. Assembled to initiate a movement for the restoration of American liberty, to once more erect in the afflicted camp of our political Israel the CONSTITUTION as the true symbol of Republican faith, and as the only relief from our present calamities and future dangers, they selected the natal day of the REPUBLIC. To reunite the descendants in a common fraternal effort for the restoration of our liberties, that day with its heroic associations was chosen, on which nearly a century since, their ancestors combined successfully to rescue them from the oppressor. The same STATES, late "discordant and belligerent," that first united to constitute the Republic, again united on its anniversary day to save it from domestic conspiracy and hostile faction. God grant! that the auspicious auguries of the day may be realized in the triumph of the doctrines and candidates of that convention. For with their success comes internal peace—restored friendship between the States, and fraternity among the citizens—justice, law and order—equal and diminished taxation—prosperity, public and private—dignity for the States and strength for the Union—happiness for the present and hope for the future. If they fail, the country is *thrust on the accidents of the hour, and the caprices of men, who reject the fundamental law of the land as a rule of action in the State;* and there can be no assurance for the people except that last resort of Christian despair—trust in the mercy of a controlling Providence. There will then be no certainties as to the future for the Republic, and the destinies of the nation will then be only a matter of speculation.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

BRECKINRIDGE.

Prospect of His Return to Kentucky.

Of John C. Breckinridge, the *Observer and Reporter* of Lexington, Ky., says: "There seems to be a prospect of the return of this illustrious son of Kentucky to his home and friends. The telegraph announces that three of his personal friends, Judge Alvin Duvall, Frank Hunt, Esq., and the Hon. J. Beck, are now visiting him in Canada, with the view of inducing him if possible to make application to the President of the United States for a pardon, so that he can return to his native State. It is stated that the time for filing an indictment for treason against those who participated in the late war for Confederate independence, has passed by limitation of the law, and even if it had not, the President can pardon all who apply to him, excepting only such as are now under indictment or conviction."

NEW YORK DEMOCRACY.

The Candidates for Governor and Lieut.-Governor.

John T. Hoffman, who received the unanimous nomination of the Democratic State Convention for Governor, was born in the village of Sing Sing. About the age of twenty-one he graduated at the old Union College in Schenectady, N. Y., after which he immediately entered on the study of law. Before embarking on the troubled sea of politics, he practiced for several years at the New York bar, and was of the firm of Woodruff, Leonard & Hoffman. He was elected Recorder in November, 1860, and discharged the duties attaching to the position in a very creditable manner. At the expiration of his term of office he was re-elected by a large majority. In 1865, Mr. Hoffman was elected Mayor of New York, defeating Messrs. Hecker and Gunther. He received the nomination for the position to which he now again aspires, but was defeated at the hand of Gov. Fenton.

The nominee for Lieutenant-Governor is Allen C. Beach, Esq., an honest, intelligent gentleman, and deservedly popular with all classes. With such a ticket, strengthened by State pride for Horatio Seymour, the coming campaign in the Empire State must result in a complete overthrow of the Radical party in November.

FRATERNIZING.

Confederate and Union Soldiers in Missouri.

The following incident peculiarly declares the feeling which animates the ex-Confederates and the Federal soldiers. We learn from an eye witness that after Col. F. S. Curtis, of Macon, Mo., had finished a most sensible, manly, magnanimous and telling speech to the people at Liberty, at the great ratification meeting on the 14th ult., and during which he said there was no hate existing between the ex-Confederate and Federal soldiers, on the contrary there was a sympathy for each other, and he had the highest admiration for those men who had backed their sentiments by their act. Col. Matt R. Cullen, of St. Louis, Mo., was introduced, who, leaning on his crutch, with great emotion, in substance, said; "Citizens of Clay county, in the name of the Confederates present, I am instructed to state that we fully reciprocate the magnanimous sentiments of this honorable, brave and loyal Federal soldier. I take this occasion to add, sir, that, as far as I am individually concerned, I have received much practical kindness at the hands of Federal soldiers since the surrender, and I am willing and anxious, as I know all other Confederates are, to return our heartfelt allegiance to the flag of this country; and when the noble Democratic party, with its Temple of Liberty, which has the Constitution for its base, the rights of the States for its columns and the Union for its dome, all fitted off with Corinthian elegance, is successful, we will then, and not until then, feel that we are protected, and with joy and delight will show the zeal and affection for our flag that we did for it before the war. Sir, your generosity cannot be surpassed by ours, but we will equal it at least. Now, sir [and Col. Cullen then extended his hand to Col. Curtis, which was warmly accepted], I offer you the hand of sincerest friendship, and promise that every ex-Confederate will aid you in recovering his and your lost liberties. The past is buried, and over the graves of our fallen braves let us say—

Under the sod and the dew,
Waiting the Judgment Day,
Tears and love for the—blue,
Love and tears for the—gray."

He then retired, with three cheers from the crowd for the old Democratic flag.

BANK OF TENNESSEE.

Answer to "A Citizen, Creditor of the Bank."

From the Banner of Wednesday.]

An article in your paper of Saturday last, signed "A Citizen, Creditor of the Bank," is a gross libel upon myself and the officers of the Bank of Tennessee.

The writer states that we are in the habit of receiving payment of the debtors of the Bank in United States currency, keeping the currency for the benefit of Brownlow's officers in the bank, and shaving off the notes and assets of the bank. These two last assertions are unqualified falsehoods. We frequently receive payment from our debtors in greenbacks. When we do so they are immediately converted into Bank of Tennessee notes, and the United States currency so collected was never used for any other purpose than for the purchase of the notes of the Bank of Tennessee. By pursuing this course we have made for the bank on its note-holders several thousand dollars. There never was a dollar of the notes or assets of the bank shaved off. "Citizen" says that "the bank holds about one hundred thousand dollars in State bonds that Spence left as collateral security for loaned money;" that I proposed to compromise Spence's debt, as we wanted some money to pay off the employes of the bank and the state officers generally. Every word of this statement in regard to the debt referred to is utterly false.

The bank did not hold a dollar of State bonds as collateral security for the Spence debt, nor has Mr. Spence owed the bank a dollar since the bank has come into our hands.

Several years prior to the war, Mr. Spence did owe the bank a large amount; but he paid off his debt in full with the notes of two parties in Rutherford county, which notes amounted in principal and interest, when we took charge of the bank, to about $112,000. The parties to these notes were utterly insolvent, and not a dollar could be made out of them; but the bank held as collateral security for these notes other notes upon individuals, amounting in principal and interest to about sixty thousand dollars. I so managed these collaterals as to pay off with the proceeds of them the entire principal of the original debt, and almost the entire interest.

By the management of these collaterals I saved for the bank upwards of forty thousand dollars. I also avoided protracted litigation, and thus saved a large amount in lawyer's fees.

S. WATSON,
Trustee of the Bank of Tenn.

LUMBER, ETC.

PLANING MILL AND LUMBER YARD,

CUBBINS, CUNN & COOVER

161, 163 and 165 Washington St.,

MEMPHIS, : TENNESSEE,

BUILDING AND FRAMING LUMBER OF all kinds. Sash, Doors, Blinds, Newel Post and Caps, Balusters and Railing, Lattice, Palings, Lath, Shingles, and a choice lot of Seasoned Oak, Walnut, Cypress, Yellow Pine and Poplar, Flooring, Ceiling and Weather Boarding, for

Sale Cheaper than ever Offered Before.

☞ Planing, Turning, Scroll Sawing, Tenoning and Mortising, done to order. sep6 2m

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PLANING AND FLOORING MILLS,

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Store Doors, Store Fronts,

Mouldings of Every Description,

VERANDAS

Cornices, Flooring, Etc., Etc.

mh12 6m

CHINA WARE.

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"CHINA PALACE"

—OF—

LLOYD, CLARKE & CO.,

IMPORTERS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

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WELL BORING.

WATER! WATER!

WELL BORING.

HAVING purchased the right for Tennessee, of Heath & Co.'s Patent Well Borer, we offer for sale a few County Rights, and also to bore wells on the shortest notice. This invention is pronounced by all practical men who have seen it, and those who have used it as unrivalled for the purpose designed. The Well occupies so little space; is so safe from any nuisance and accident; so neat and durable, that it may be located anywhere desired. We are prepared to show specimen Wells and the whole apparatus to parties desiring to see them. We have indisputable testimonials of the superiority and cheapness of these Wells over all others known. From fifteen to twenty dollars per day can be made by any intelligent working man in the use of this invention. A club of five or six persons wanting Wells can buy a County Right for what a well would cost them, and work it to great profit for others. For such, opportunities are ever offered for investing a few hundred dollars to advantage.

Address R. FLETCHER & CO., se8 No. 296 Second street, Memphis, Tenn.

CARDS.

A Card.

NEW ORLEANS, August 11, 1868.

MESSRS. MAYER, MARSHUETZ & CO., OF Memphis, are the only ones for whom I will hereafter fill up orders for that market. They are authorized to sell my cigars to dealers at factory prices. au20 1m GEORGE ALCES.

A CARD.

A REPORT having obtained credence that I have withdrawn from the LIFE INSURANCE business, I take this method of notifying the Public that I am still connected with

The New York Life Insurance Company

Feeling thankful for the liberal patronage which has been heretofore bestowed on me by my friends in Tennessee, Mississippi and Arkansas, I respectfully ask a continuance of the same.

I have also associated with me in business, Mr. T. C. CASKIN, formerly of South Carolina, a gentleman I cordially recommend to my friends and patrons. S. D. McCLURE. se6 2m

PREMIUM.

$1 00 Premium

FOR THE LARGEST EAR OF CORN DELIVERED to E. P. BATES & CO., au25 3m Commission Merchants, No. 238 Front street.

F. J. ATTWOOD. W. F. ANDERSON

Notice of Removal.

ATTWOOD & ANDERSON, Cotton Factors, General Produce and Commission Merchants, have removed their business to No. 359 Main street, between Union and Gayoso streets, Memphis, September 1, 1868. sep9 1m

INSURANCE.

ST. LOUIS MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

HOME OFFICE, No. 513 Olive Street,

ST. LOUIS.

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JAS. H. LUCAS, Vice-Presid't.
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Assets, June 1, 1868, over $3,000,000

Issues Policies on ALL THE MOST APPROVED NON-FORFEITING PLANS, on as good terms as any Company.

No Restrictions upon Acclimated Persons, or to RESIDENCE OR TRAVEL.

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AGENCY OFFICE IN MEMPHIS—No. 42 Madison street, Kit Williams' Block.

McMAHON & OTIS,
State Agents for West Tennessee, Mississippi, Arkansas and North Louisiana.
N. S. OTIS. J. H. McMAHON
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Fire & Inland Navigation Risks

MEMPHIS INSURANCE AGENCY,

22 Madison Street.

THE FOLLOWING STAUNCH, RELIABLE and well known Insurance Companies are represented at the Memphis Insurance Agency, No. 22 Madison street, Memphis, Tenn.:

ÆTNA OF HARTFORD.

Assets.....$ 4,833,543
Total Losses Paid..... 21,271,972

HARTFORD OF HARTFORD.

INCORPORATED, A.D., 1810.

Assets.....$2,026,220

H. A. LITTLETON, Agent.

Sale Cheaper than ever Offered Before.

☞ Planing, Turning, Scroll Sawing, Tenoning and Mortising, done to order. sep6 2m

HOME OF NEW YORK.

Assets.....$3,622,896

SECURITY OF NEW YORK.

Assets.....$1,477,677

ENTERPRISE OF CINCINNATI.

Capital.....$1,000,000

Vredenburgh & Sylvester, Ag'ts.

Losses Paid at this Agency.

☞ Applications for Marine and Accident Insurance promptly attended to. je17 3m

THE MISSISSIPPI VALLEY

FIRE AND MARINE

INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MEMPHIS.

CAPITAL, : : : : : $300,000

OFFICE—FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

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INSURANCE COMPANY,

No. 17 Madison Street.

THIS Company is now doing a General Insurance Business. Its stock is owned by our city merchants and business men. Its aim is to do a safe local business—to the advantage of both the Company and the Policy Holder.

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A. VACCARO, S. B. WILLIAMSON, HENRY LAIRD, S. H. DUNSCOMB, M. L. MEACHAM, E. McDAVITT, D. H. TOWNSEND. jy10 tf

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY BRANCH

—OF THE—

KNICKERBOCKER

Mutual Life Insurance Co.,

AT MEMPHIS, TENN.

Office, No. 18 Knickerbocker Building.

Assets, : : : $4,000,000

Policies Issued at this Office on all the popular plans, and the General Business transacted on the same terms as with the Home Office of the Company.

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HENDERSON OWEN, of Messrs. Owen, McNutt & Co.;
NEWTON FORD, of Messrs. Newton Ford & Co.
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ALBERT PIKE, Attorney at Law;
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MEDICAL EXAMINERS:

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GENERAL AGENT,

JOHN F. WILKERSON,

For West Tennessee and North Mississippi.

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feb18

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E. O. HURD. BURCKHARDT & CO.

E. O. HURD & CO.,

Cotton Commission Merchants,

No. 101 Sycamore Street, Cincinnati.

LIBERAL advances made on consignments. Orders for Goods solicited. sep6 1y

N. R. JUDSON, Mishawaka, Ind. J. C. ALEXANDER
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JUDSON & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

General Commission Merchants,

Rooms 35 & 36, Lee Block, Union street,

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☞ Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished to our customers. Also, all cotton shipped to us will be covered by our open policy of insurance, unless otherwise instructed. sep6 3m

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BROOKS, NEELY & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers

COTTON FACTORS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

PLANTATION SUPPLIES,

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

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Any one getting up a Club of Five or more for the Weekly at the above rates will receive a copy gratis.

AINSLIE, KEATING & CO.

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

FRIDAY MORNING, SEPT. 11, 1868

For President.....HORATIO SEYMOUR.
For Vice-President.....FRANK P. BLAIR.

TENNESSEE.
SOUTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.
For Congress.....JOHN W. LEFTWICH.
For Elector.....W. W. VAUGHAN.

THE NEWS.

The Chief Justice is in Portland.

Rachel, the beautifier, is coming to this country.

The leading German citizens of Shreveport, La., have formed an immigration society.

Nevada promises to follow in the wake of California, and become a great grain-growing State.

The Bermuda dry dock, the largest floating structure in the world, was successfully launched at London yesterday.

An Indian burial ground was lately dug up on the Little Red river, Arkansas. The skeletons found there are of great size, some of them eight feet in length.

Gen. Gilmer, commanding District of Mississippi, will not permit a general election in that State. He has notified the Democratic Executive Committee to that effect.

There is now in the Russian capital the largest Chinese library in the world. It consists of 11,867 volumes, 1168 wood engravings and 276 manuscripts. The books are on all sorts of subjects.

Queen Victoria was charged 700 francs for a plain breakfast by a Swiss inn-keeper. He was remonstrated with on the ground that eggs were plenty, but countered with, "Yes, but sovereigns are scarce."

It has been decided in Chancery that Dr. Wendell Holmes got a good British copyright on the "Guardian Angel" by living in Montreal for a week, and enjoined a firm which reprinted it from the *Atlantic*.

The Clarksville Chronicle says: We learn that a great deal of sickness prevails throughout the country. It is stated that in the neighborhood of Trenton, Ky., whole families are down with typhoid fever.

In Constantinople, a whole block of houses, within a stone's throw of the British embassy, and including two or three streets and lanes, have been consumed by fire. About 200 shops, stores and houses are understood to have been destroyed.

A series of attacks have recently been made on Christmas Mills, Kentucky, by a party of negroes, who on Monday night were driven off by the employees of the mills (all of them ex-Federal soldiers) with the loss of one negro wounded in the heel. Since that time reports declare "all quiet."

A band of brigands entered Versailles, Ky., on Sunday night last, about 7 o'clock, with evident intention to rob and plunder. The citizens (negro as well as white) turned out and drove them from the town, capturing two of the scoundrels. The people were greatly exasperated, and it was with the utmost difficulty that the two prisoners were saved from lynching as they were being taken to jail.

Dr. E. Burke Heywood, of Raleigh, N. C., one of the most skillful surgeons in the South, removed a large needle or bodkin from the limb of a young lady on Tuesday last. She has been so lame for ten or twelve years that she could not walk without the aid of crutches. How the needle became imbedded in the flesh is a mystery, and its presence was only discovered by accident.

The West-Baton Rouge *Sugar Planter*, of September 5th, says: As we were going to press last Friday morning, a heavy gale, accompanied by rain, sprang up, and for a while played havoc with trees, fences, cotton, light buildings, etc. The hurricane deck of the ferry-boat, now on the ways repairing, was torn from its fastenings and carried a distance of three hundred yards, and smashed to pieces against the inner levee.

THE NEW WHISKY LAW.

The old law levying a tax of two dollars per gallon on distilled spirits, having become odious to the people, not on account of the amount of the tax, but because of the wide spread fraud and corruption it caused, and the insignificant sum it realized, the present Radical Congress was compelled by the force of public opinion to reduce the tax. This they have done with a vengeance, as we shall endeavor to show.

The new law reduces the tax on spirits *already manufactured* and *in bond*, to fifty cents per gallon, and four dollars per barrel (of 40 galls.) or say sixty cents per gallon, and there *reduction ends*. In addition to the stringent conditions and extraordinary bonds required of distillers and dealers, they have to pay a heavy license, then a tax of fifty cents per gallon on the *capacity of daily production* of the still; next, (sec. 13,) "There shall "be assessed and collected monthly, "from every authorized distiller, "whose distillery has an aggregate ca-"pacity for mashing twenty bushels of "grain or less in twenty-four hours, a "tax of two dollars per day, Sundays "excepted; and a tax of two dollars per "day for every twenty bushels of grain "in excess of said capacity in twenty-"four hours." After the spirits have been manufactured and stored in a Government bonded warehouse, they are then liable for a tax of four dollars per barrel, and subject to a "distillery warehouse stamp" of twenty-five cents for each package. When withdrawn, and taxes all paid, *another stamp of twenty-five cents* per package; when sold, *another stamp of twenty-five cents* per package, and a similar *stamp* on every package *each* and *every time* it is sold; and if a barrel be emptied into smaller packages, the *similar stamp of twenty five cents* on each package as often as sold. Again, after all these various taxes, the enormous tax of *one* per cent. ad valorem has to be paid by *every dealer*, no matter through how many hands the goods may pass, not only upon the *domestic* spirits that the above taxes have been paid, but also upon all *foreign goods*, upon which already a *gold impost duty* has been paid, and this same system applies to the manufacture and sale of tobacco and cigars.

Thus we see that the nominal reduction of the tax on "distilled spirits" amounts in reality to a "*scattering*" of the old tax to deceive the public, and that the new law imposes an oppressive tax, not understood by the people, which they in the end will have to pay, and which will produce an almost incredible amount of revenue.

The merchants and business men of Tennessee asserted that the *State* tax of one per cent. on their sales was ruinous, though it applied only to the *first* sale made. The new United States revenue tax of *one per cent.* applies to all sales made, each and every time made, and without discrimination. What the object of this deceptive legislation by which, under the appearance of the reduction of a *special tax*, an enormous *general tax* has been laid, nominally on a class, but in reality on the whole people, and which will produce *hundreds of millions of dollars*, it is impossible to divine, unless it was for the purpose of increasing the chances for a more wholesale system of thieving than even Radicalism had before realized.

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY CANNOT MAKE PEACE.

The impatience of commerce and trade at the long delay of the Republican leaders, in restoring peace to the country and reinstating its prosperity, has occasioned them more difficulty and embarrassment at the North than any intelligent apprehension on the part of the Northern population of the danger to the Republic or to constitutional liberty, involved in this course—or indignation at the tyranny of their measures toward the South. But the anxieties of business about profits, and the nervousness of industry as to its hard earned wages, propound to the men now in power some pertinent and searching questions. Why they have so far failed, and what reasons they have for expecting greater success in the future, is an inquisition much pressed upon Radical attention at the present time. Their answer is put about this way: "Our "policies, though unconstitutional, if "acquiesced in by the North, and ac-"cepted by the South, would guarantee "perpetual Union, and preclude future "rebellion. The South has refused to "accord with these policies, because of "the hope held out to them by the "Democracy, that we will be driven "from power and these measures "abrogated. If the people of the "North will renew our lease of power, "the South, hopeless of relief from our "oppression, will yield up her opinions, "become the willing slave of our dic-"tation and consent to her own abase-"ment."

Without pausing to consider whether the North would gain by the result predicted, we will warn the Northern people, that unless we greatly misapprehend Southern character, the expectations founded on such persistency will not be realized. Resistance by the sword has necessarily a limit. The period at which physical opposition may be suppressed, can always be approximated with reasonable accuracy. These are matters of mathematical calculation. The horrors and privations of active war can only be borne for a short time by any people however brave and resourceful. Such, however, is not the case with MORAL RESISTANCE—that oppugnant array of mind which cannot be marched against by Federal brigades or divisions—that muster of protesting opinion, which the longest range gun in a United States arsenal will not reach. It cannot be starved into submission, for it requires no food. The Turk may destroy the olive orchards—the Radical may burn the accumulated harvests in barn and crib, yet its columns, recruited from the intellects and hearts of men, need make no retrograde movement for supplies. It cannot be imprisoned or assassinated. It is more intangible than the aerial hosts of St. George or St. Michael. Though too impalpable to be wounded either by the burly blade of a Cour de Leon or the dextrous scimatar of a Saladdin, it is as fatal to tyrants as was the breath of the destroying angel to the Assyrian hosts. It holds in leash the physical power of the oppressed to be launched on the oppressor, at the first opportune moment. It is a standing menace to despotism. Its power is constantly increased, as reason constantly converts to its standard. When the parent falls in the ranks the child takes his place, and its muster rolls are never emasculated by absenteeism or desertion. It won back for Hungary her crown, when Magyar battalions had been dispersed. By it captive Greece at last broke Moslem bondage. For Ireland, it accomplished Catholic emancipation, and still retaliates on England all her woes. We know of no instance in time, where it failed either to accomplish its purpose or terribly avenge inflicted wrongs.

This moral resistance—this hostility of sentiment in the South, the Republican party has incurred by its acts since the close of the war. It is bootless to discuss the merit of their measures and administrations in face of this startling fact. It may be true that the acquiescence of the country in this polity would guarantee a perpetual union, though we do not for a moment believe it. It is folly to expect any political system to be proof against the changes of time and chance. True statesmanship always makes allowance for the present condition of things, and never attempts to coerce opinion by the sword. The philosophy of Radical politics, so far as the South is concerned, is only force—nothing more nor less. Their legislation of the last four years has been only harsh and insulting. The Chicago Convention pledges the country, that the future shall know no change in this regard.

Two motives seem alone to animate the men into whose hands the fortunes of the Republic have fallen—revenge, and a purpose to convert the Southern States into "rotten borroughs" for the perpetuation of their partizan supremacy in the Nation. Those who glibly pronounce that the election of GRANT will frighten from the souls and minds of Southern men and women the deep detestation inspired by the vindictive conduct of the men with whom he has been identified during the last four years, do not appreciate human nature—are in fact stupid, if not something worse. It is not only cowardly, but excessively foolish *to bully*. That is, evidently, from the tone of the Republican press and hustings, the strong card in the GRANT candidacy. The sentiment of the South can not be either won or bullied into harmony with Radicalism. Under similar circumstances the case would be the same in the North. No reasonable or just citizen of the so-called loyal States can expect the longer continuance in power of the Republican party, to be regarded by the Southern people otherwise than organizing the entire Federal authority in especial hostility to them. The decree for their persecution will be considered as not only having gone forth, but that on a solemn appeal to the Ahashuerus of the North, it has been refused to recall that decree, and that Haman has prevailed, and Mordecai gone to the wall. The Republic *radicalised is the ruin of the South*. Her people would prefer an empire. Their interests and liberties would be safer and better conserved under the latter than the former. We invoke the earnest reflection of the North on this matter. Can the Republican party bring peace to the land?

PERSONAL.

We enjoyed a visit yesterday from Mr. SPROULE, of the Indianapolis *Sentinel*. In the course of a long and interesting conversation, we were happy to learn from him that the Democracy of Illinois, Indiana, Wisconsin, Michigan and Ohio, are confident of victory and the election of SEYMOUR and BLAIR. Our people, Mr. SPROULE says, may be assured of the heart-felt sympathy of the Democracy of the Northwest in all the troubles induced for us by the infamous Radical majority in our Legislature.

THE MAILS.

We hope that Messrs. ANDREW JOHNSON, H. M. MCCARTY and GRIER, Special Agents of the Postoffice Department, now at Chattanooga, will extend their trip this way and determine for us and the public, in regard to the irregularity of the mails, whether the fault lies with the Postoffices at which matter is mailed, with our Postoffice here, or with the contractors who are handsomely paid for carrying the mails. The irregularity in the reception of letters and papers here has lately become an intolerable annoyance.

ARKANSAS.

The Central Democratic Committee of Arkansas announces changes in the Electors for the State as follows: Hon. J. D. Walker having declined on account of disqualification, Hon. R. S. Gantt has been appointed in his stead. Hon. A. B. Williams having declined for like reason, Hon. Jno. M. Bradley has been appointed in his stead. Hon. R. S. Gantt having removed from the First district, W. W. Drummond, of Arkansas county, has been appointed to fill the vacancy.

THE PRESIDENT.

A Washington special dispatch says: It is stated by those who ought to know, that the President is engaged upon a special message, or general address, to the people of the United States, which he will send in to Congress, if it re-assembles. He designs it to be a resume of the last four years, and a view of the present state of parties from a conservative stand point. It is also stated that he has caused legal steps to be taken, looking to the pardon of Gen. Robert E. Lee, at the earnest instance of Gen. Rosecrans.

A TRUTHFUL RADICAL.

There does appear once in a while such a phenomena as a truthful Radical. One such, of St. Louis, by name HORATIO D. WOOD, a well known young attorney, who recently traveled through the central portion of our State, where it was supposed, and lyingly asserted by Radical editors, Ku-Kluxism had culminated in all sorts of deviltry, says: "that he was "one of those who believed that the citi-"zens of the South and returned Con-"federates, from what he had read in "Radical papers, intended to again make "war against the Constitution, and he, "believing with the Radical press that "this was their purpose, favored the ne-"gro supremacy of Congress. He has "seen for himself, and says that never "were a people more maligned or ill-fa-"mously treated. Their Unionism is "undoubted, and their disposition to "any other or further contest is appa-"rent."

MONEY WANTED.

SMITH, on sober second thought, concluded that the uncertainty of NUNN'S election, even after *his* withdrawal, is so imminent that his influence in securing Federal patronage would be valueless; so he determined, as we are advised, to demand the *monish* in consideration of his backing out. The price was agreed upon through BARBOUR LEWIS, as SMITH'S agent, NUNN acting for himself; but when SMITH went up to get the money, according to contract, NUNN had concluded it was still too far from being a "sure thing" to warrant paying out in advance a full year's salary. NUNN was, at the time the bargain was made, led to believe that his friends would pay a large portion of it for him, but his experience in having to pay for getting up the county convention to nominate delegates in his favor caused him to fear a like result in this instance. And so there is a dead lock, and we accordingly correct our history of the negotiations.

WHO PROFITED BY THE WAR?

The "Washington *Digest*" publishes a long list of names, among which are Grant, Stevens, Sumner, Wade, Schenck, Sherman, Sprague, and other similar leading lights of "Republicanism," whose aggregate wealth is $734,660,000! Of course, in this list, he includes the notorious "Beast Butler," whose fortune was acquired, the *Digest* says, by "Spoons and Plate." The wealth of these patriots before the invasion of the South was $1,027,000. The *Digest* then goes on to say: "They commenced the Radical "war with a million of dollars. They "have run the Government into a debt "of two thousand six hundred millions "of dollars, and have pocketed for them-"selves over SEVEN HUNDRED "MILLION DOLLARS! which "they hide from taxation, and demand "payment of principal and interest in "gold from a taxed and overburdened "people. May God, in his mercy, soon "deliver the people from such rulers!" says the Columbus (Ohio) *Crisis*. To which we answer—Amen.

FOREIGN.

PARIS, September 10.—Queen Victoria leaves here for England this evening.

The Emperor reviewed the troops at Camp Chalons to-day, the whole army, including cavalry, artillery, infantry, pontoon and baggage trains were drawn up on the plain, and after going through a series of evolutions, the entire army marched by the Emperor in review, each regiment as it passed cheering enthusiastically for the Emperor, Empress and Prince Imperial. An immense multitude of spectators covered the adjacent hills.

The Queen of England, who is now in this city, is the guest of Lord Lyons, the English Ambassador. No ceremony is observed by her Majesty or attendants, but the privacy of the party is strictly maintained.

LONDON, September 10.—The strike among the Cabmen has ended.

FLORENCE, September 10.—It is reported that Italy has requested the withdrawal of the French troops.

It is reported that Garibaldi has left Cape Po for Naples to attend the address of the Democrats, to be held in that city.

VIENNA, September 10.—Dispatches received here state that the Belgravian insurgents have formed a provisional government on the Balkar mountains.

CONSTANTINOPLE, September 10.—The extraordinary concession made by the Sultan to Farragut, in permitting the flagship Franklin to pass through the Dardanelles and enter the Bosphorus, has given rise to a vast amount of comment in diplomatic circles here. The report that permission had been denied, which was extensively circulated a few days ago, is without foundation, as the consent of the Sultan was accorded in the most gracious manner as a compliment to Farragut.

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, September 10.—Schuyler Colfax and party arrived at Omaha this morning, and were met at the depot by a company of tanners. He made a short speech, especially referring to the deplorable condition of Indian affairs in Colorado and Wyoming, and said he would urge upon Congress immediate aid and decisive action against the savages. He believed that nothing less than severe punishment would bring them to terms. The party started for Chicago at noon.

HAVANA.

HAVANA, September 10.—Late advices from Mexico say the insurgents in Serra Puebla have been defeated, losing all their artillery and many prisoners.

BY TELEGRAPH.

CANADA

MONTREAL, September 10.—Anglican Bishop Talford died to-day, aged 65 years.

BUFFALO.

BUFFALO, N. Y., September 10.—This being the anniversary of Perry's victory, flags were displayed from the public and private buildings, as well as the shipping.

PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, September 10.—Several arrests have been made, of men suspected of the murder of the child Mary Marman, but the parties were discharged, the suspicion proving groundless. The Coroner's inquest will be held to-morrow.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, September 10.—Mr. Pinchback, a mulatto member of the Louisiana Legislature, in a card in the *Tribune*, denies that he made any threats of incendiarism or massacre, and the speech attributed to him the other day, entirely misrepresented his sentiments. He counsels moderation and deprecates violence.

Nineteen diseased cattle were captured here yesterday, and placed in quarantine.

CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, September 10.—A Denver special says the election on the 8th passed off quietly. Allen H. Bradford (Republican) was elected delegate to Congress. Returns from the Territory show a Republican gain.

A special from Benton Harbor, Mich., says the wreck of the propeller Hippocampus lies about twenty miles south of that place. The steamer Danube arrived at St. Joseph last evening with part of the cabin and tonnage of the wrecked vessel. The Danube looked around for an hour, but found no signs of any person.

NASHVILLE.

NASHVILLE, September 10.—The Senate today adhered to its amendment to the House Military bill. The House asked a committee of conference. The committee could not agree, and the House proposed the discharge of the committee. The Senate declined both propositions. The House then adjourned until 8 p.m.

The *Union and American* has information of an atrocious murder near Springfield, last night. All the parties are unknown. They are supposed to be from Kentucky.

SANDUSKY.

SANDUSKY, O., September 10.—The State firemen's tournament here to-day was a success in every respect. Thirty-five companies from this and other States were entered for competition.

The anniversary of Perry's victory was celebrated at Put-in-Bay Island to-day, by a grand pic nic. Delegations were present from Buffalo, Detroit, Toledo and other Lake ports. All the survivors of the battle of Lake Erie were present. The United States steamers Michigan and Sherman fired salutes during the day.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, September 10.—Brevet-Major Gen. P. H. George Cook, has arrived here to attend the session of the Board of Cavalry tactics now examining a system presented by him.

The President has directed that the name of Brevet-Col. F. C. Clark be placed on the retired list, with the full rank of Major.

Brevet-Brigadier Gen. Wm. M. Dunn, Assistant Judge Advocate General, has been placed on duty in the War Department.

Solicitor Binckley returned from New York to-day.

An export warehouse has just been established in Boston, to which shipments of tobacco in bond, under the new regulations, can be made.

Solicitor Binckley is engaged in preparing an official report of his proceedings in New York which will probably be submitted to the President.

Secretary McCulloch gives official notice that on and after Monday next, all Seven-thirty notes must be forwarded direct to the Treasury office here for redemption.

ATLANTA.

ATLANTA, GA., September 10.—In the House, to-day, a resolution to consider the adoption of the resolution of yesterday reflecting on the Governor's message, was lost.

In compliance with a resolution of the Assembly, and in consequence of violence committed in some counties by armed unlawful bands of negroes, the Governor has issued a proclamation in which he denies having given authority for armed or unarmed organizations, and warns the people that drilling and exercising in military tactics with arms by any organized body, except the army of the United States, is unauthorized, unlawful, against peace and order, and must be immediately suspended. He says persons distinguished for their hostility to the United States and State, are promoting the said acts of violence by publicly denouncing the laws as unconstitutional and void, and the results of such acts of violence and insurrectionary appeals is manifest in the rapid spread of a disposition of those who maintain the validity of the laws of Congress and the State government established thereunder, to protect themselves by arms against such acts of violence and actions against civil rights. He quotes Gen. Grant's parole given to Gen. Lee's army, wherein it says the persons paroled will not be disturbed by the United States authorities so long as they observe the parole and the laws in force where they reside.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, September 10.—Cotton irregular; sales 800 bales; uplands 26c; 7/8c. Flour, superfine $7@8. Wheat lower. Whisky 67½c in bonds. Rice dull. Coffee quiet. Sugar 10@11c. Molasses quiet. Mo cavado 41@42c.

Money market steady, call loans 5@6; sterling quiet 9 3/8@9 4c; gold 35@35 1/4; new Tennessee 69½@69 6.

The currency going West this week is comparatively small.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, September 10.—Cotton, the demand has declined, middlings 24½c; sales 1511; receipts 299. Sterling bank 97. New York Sight par@¼ premium. Gold 135@. Sugar slightly more active; prices unchanged. Molasses nominal. Flour depressed, superfine $7; treble extra $10, choice $11@13 50. Corn, none on landing $1 10@1 15. Oats steady 65c. Bran $1 35. Hay dull, prime Western $24@25. Pork firm $43. Bacon steady and firm, shoulders 14½c; clear sides 18½c. Land firm, tierces 20½c; keg 22½c.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, September 10.—Flour unchanged. Wheat quiet $1 9x. Corn dull 90@89. Oats 56c. Rye $1 38. Whisky 25@27c. Pork firm $29. Lard 19c. Bulk meats unchanged. Bacon, shoulders 15½@16c; clear sides 19½c. Butter and Cheese steady. Flaxseed $2 50.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, September 10.—Tobacco market unchanged. Flour, superfine $7@7 50. Wheat firm $1 37@2 35. Corn 94@81. Oats 55@58c. Pork $29 25. Bacon, shoulders 13@13½c; clear sides, new 17c; old 16¾@16½c. Lard 17¾@18c. Whisky $1 35.

Foreign Markets.

LIVERPOOL, September 10.—Cotton closed quiet but steady; Uplands 10½d; Orleans 10¾d. Sales 12,000 bales.

FRANKFORT, September 10.—U. S. 5-20s closed dull at 76¾.

LONDON, September 10.—Consols closed at 94 93¾; 5-20s 71¾.

The statement of the Bank of England shows that the bullion in the Bank has decreased £116,113.

PARIS, August 10.—Bourse closed dull; rentes 75 francs 45 centimes.

—The Sumter (Ga.) *Republican* says a difficulty occurred at Green's Mills, in Lee county, last week, between a young man named Crocker, another named Bradford, and Mr. James Green and his son, resulting in the killing of old Mr. Crocker by his son, and the wounding of Bradford and the two Greens. It is believed that both Bradford and young Green are mortally wounded. The shot that proved fatal to old Mr. Crocker was discharged at the Greens, by young Crocker. The weapons employed were shot guns and revolvers, and some twenty shots were fired by the parties. They were all respectable citizens of Lee county. Politics had nothing to do in the matter. The difficulty originated by one of the parties insulting the sister of the other.

OUR STATE.

Interesting Items from Commissioner Bokum.

From the Nashville Banner.]

Addressing us a note from Cleveland, East Tennessee, Mr. Bokum sends us the following items:

I have just returned from a tour through White, Cumberland and Roane counties. Yesterday I delivered an address in this town, on the subject of immigration.

Sparta is waking into new life in consequence of the construction of the Southwestern Railroad.

Cumberland county, thanks to the systematic efforts of Mr. W. W. Powell, and Mr. Custard, the land agent, now numbers a hundred Northern farmers and this month will receive an addition of nineteen.

In Roane county the enterprise of Gen. Wilder is carried on with energy and success. Where, four months ago, there was almost unbroken forest is now a town of three hundred inhabitants. Within three-fifths of a mile there is found the coal, the iron, the lime, the sandstone, the fire-brick and all the other materials for carrying on the works. The company has a capital of $50 000. From the vicinity of this town I have brought specimens of kaolin, superior in quality, and deserving attention, if found in sufficient quantity.

At Rogersville, in Hawkins county, I am informed the car load of marble brought to the depot is regarded as worth more than a car load of wheat at two dollars per bushel. It brings $8 50 per cubic foot in the city of New York.

DIED.

POTTER.—In St. Louis, at the residence of Mr. G. Gouzeiman, September 8th, at 2 o'clock a m., Gustavus Potter, late of this city, aged 31 years.

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

MASONIC NOTICE.—The members of South Memphis Lodge, No. 118, are summoned to attend Stated Meeting of the Lodge, this (Friday) evening, at 8 o'clock, for dispatch of business.

Members of sister city Lodges and transient brothers in good standing are fraternally invited to attend.

By order of A. J. WHEELER, W. M.
BEN. K. PULLEN, Sec'y.
Memphis, September 11, 1868. sep11 1t

Attention, Sir Knights!

A Special Conclave of Cyrene Commandery, No. 4, of Knights Templar, will be held this (Friday) evening, September 11th, at their Asylum, No. 2 Front street, to make arrangements for our trip to St. Louis. The attendance of every Knight is requested.

Visiting sir Knights are fraternally invited.
By command of JOHN ZENT,
E. Commander
N. J. WIGGIN, Recorder. sep11 1t

ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.,

Real Estate Brokers,

AUCTIONEERS,

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

N. E. Cor. Main & Jefferson Sts.

Public Sales of Real Estate,

At Merchants' Exchange,
(ODD FELLOWS' HALL)

On Thursday, October 1,

WE will offer at the above place and time, and SELL WITHOUT RESERVE,

A Neatly Finished Cottage,

On Dunlap Avenue, second house south of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, being Lot No. —, of the Ragland Subdivision—40 feet front by 160 feet in depth, a very neat yard, good well water and a pleasant neighborhood, making a desirable home for a small investment.

TERMS—Half Cash, and balance in Six Months with interest.

—ALSO—

Just west of the above, on Ragland Avenue, a lot of the same size on which is

A Comfortable Cottage,

TERMS—Cash.

These are Sales which parties may attend with confidence that they are Peremptory and without Reserve as to Price.

OTHER Property can be added to this Sale upon application in time to be inserted in our Advertisements.

THE Chamber of Commerce have tendered the use of their Hall for sales of this character, and we hope it will be found a great convenience for all Public Sales of Real Estate as far as practicable to be made at that point.

Auction Sales of Merchandise.

WE solicit consignments of any Description of Merchandise to be sold at Auction—having one of the most convenient Salesrooms, admirably suited for the display of Goods, and is one of the most public situations in the city.

REAL ESTATE at PRIVATE SALE.

OUR List of City and County Property at Private Sale is, at all times, very full, and in many instances held at prices that must command purchasers, and

OUR RENTAL AGENT—MR. QUION,

So long and favorably known in this community as a business man, will give his undivided attention to Renting Houses, Collecting Rents, and Paying Taxes for those who place their property in our charge for that purpose.

WE are prepared with ample facilities for a General Commission Business,

And will give Special Attention to Consignments of Goods at Private Sale, following strictly the instructions of owners.

Royster, Trezevant & Co.
sep11 3m

WOLFE'S

Schiedam Schnapps.

THE above Medicinal Beverage is manufactured by the proprietor, at his distillery, in Schiedam, Holland, expressly for medicinal use.

It is now some twenty years since the proprietor first introduced it to the American public, and during that time he has received over three thousand letters from physicians, indorsing it as the purest liquor they have ever used in their practice.

It is made from barley of the finest quality, selected with great care from the products of the most celebrated grain-growing districts, is flavored with the essence of the aromatic juniper-berry of Italy, and is rectified by a peculiar process, which expels from the spirits every acrid particle.

As a means of preventing and correcting the disagreeable and often dangerous effects produced upon the stomach and bowels by a change of water—a visitation to which travelers, new settlers, and all unacclimated persons in the West, the South, and Southwest are peculiarly liable—the SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS will be found absolutely infallible; while in cases of dropsy, gravel, obstructions of the kidneys, diseases of the bladder, stricture, dyspepsia and general debility, it is recommended most emphatically by the most distinguished members of the medical profession.

It is put up in quart and pint bottles, in cases, with the name of the undersigned on the bottle and cork, and a fac-simile of his signature on the label. For sale by all respectable druggists and country merchants.

UDOLPHO WOLFE,
Sole Manufacturer and Importer.
ESTABLISHED IN 1828.

MANSFIELD & HIGBEE,
sep11 eod2m Agents, Memphis.

Arkansas Reports for Sale.

FOR SALE two complete sets of the Reports of the Supreme Court of Arkansas, from vol. 1 to vol. 24 inclusive. One set almost entirely new. Apply to [illegible] T. H. PIKE.

WANTED.—Active, energetic agents to introduce the CHICOPEE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. Warranted to be the best built, most reliable, and only fully Licensed Low Price Machine in the market. Will do every variety of sewing for family wear equally well on all kinds of fabrics. Responsible parties everywhere, who will take exclusive right of territory, can secure a call from the traveling agent, and examine the machine, by addressing at once

CHICOPEE MACHINE SEWING CO.,
sep9 1t Chicopee Falls, Mass.

CAROLINA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

Capital Stock, : : : : : : : : : $200,000 00
Income for first Ten Months, : : 161,883 46

M. J. WICKS, President, J. T. PETTIT, Vice-President.
W. F. BOYLE, Secretary, J. H. EDMONDSON, Gen'l Agent.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

M. J. WICKS,	W. L. VANCE,	WM. JOYNER,	F. W. SMITH,
E. M. APPERSON,	J. J. PETTIT,	N. S. BRUCE,	A. SEESSEL,
F. TITUS,	W. R. HUNT,	W. B. GREENLAW,	B. K. PULLEN,
NAPOLEON HILL,	J. G. LONSDALE,	JAMES FRELAN.	

ISSUES Policies either Participating or Non-participating, on all the Improved Plans of Life Insurance. No Restrictions on Travel or Residence within the settled limits of the United States or British North America. All Policies Non-forfeitable for their Equitable Value.

The Officers and Directory of this Company are determined, by a judicious and economical management of its affairs, to secure for it the success which it merits as a reliable Institution.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, 291 MAIN STREET.

FERGUSON & PRIVETT,
No. 11 Madison Street, Agents for Tennessee.
jel4 d1m&w1m

THE OLDEST DRY GOODS HOUSE IN MEMPHIS

We take this method to inform

OUR PATRONS AND THE PUBLIC,

That we are now receiving and exposing for sale one of the largest Stocks of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, NOTIONS,

BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS,

—IN THE—

Southern States,

Which we offer on as REASONABLE TERMS as any House in this or any other city.

OUR WHOLESALE STOCK

Is worthy the attention of ALL DEALERS throughout the Country, as each line comprises a full assortment, and will be sold as low as any house will sell them, South of Mason's and Dixon's Line.

OUR RETAIL STOCK

Is under the immediate supervision of one of the partners of the concern. Our facilities in the Eastern Market enable us to at all times have on hand the latest styles of all kinds of Goods in our line, including a large line of Silks, Dress Goods, Cloaks, Mantillas, Buttons, Dress Trimmings, etc., etc. We make no pretensions. All we ask is for you to TRY US, and judge for yourselves.

A. SEESSEL & SON,
sep6 6m 259 MAIN ST., OPP. COURT SQUARE.

CHURCH & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
SCHOOL & MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS
SCHOOL FURNITURE AND APPARATUS,
RULED AND FLAT PAPERS, PRINTING INKS, ETC.

Exclusive Agents for the unrivaled VIOLET COMMERCIAL WRITING FLUID; keep constantly a large variety of Initial PAPER and ENVELOPES; also, Prang's Chromo-Lithographs. Dealers supplied on liberal terms, with everything in the Book and Stationery line.

CHURCH & CO.,
sep6 1m 315 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.

SOUTHERN WAGON FACTORY
JAMES & ROOSA,

Largest Stock of Home-Made Wagons in the City, at the Lowest Prices.

Dealers in Bar Iron, Axles, Springs, and all kinds of Wagon Material.

MANUFACTURERS OF FARM AND SPRING WAGONS,
aul 5m No. 92 Jefferson Street, Memphis, Tenn.

J. T. PETTIT, Late of J. T. Pettit & Co.
WM. SIMPSON, Late of Simpson, Bau[illegible] Co

PETTIT & SIMPSON,
Cotton Factors & Commission Merch'ts,
No. 15 Union Street,
(Up Stairs,) MEMPHIS, TENN.

Liberal advances made on consignments. Orders for Supplies, Bagging, Rope and Ties filled at lowest market rates. Insurance effected. sep2 1m

MARTIN WALT & CO.,
(LATE R. P. WALT & CO.,)
Established 1852.
WHOLESALE GROCERY AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
DEALERS IN
All Kinds of Western Produce,
272 Front street, Memphis, Tennessee.

Agents for the Old Established Line of Arkansas River Packets.

We are prepared to make Cash Advances, when required, on shipments of Western Produce for sale here, or on Cotton consigned to our correspondents in New Orleans. sep1

REMOVAL.
200 Front Street. 200 Front Street.

On the first of September, I will remove to

200 Front Street.

ISIDOR ROSENBACH,
Rectifier, and Dealer in Liquors.

CARRIAGES, ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES, PHAETONS

WAGONS AND HARNESS.

R. O. BRADLEY,
377 Main Street, Jackson Block, Memphis, Tenn
mh15 tf

COTTON -- COMMISSION

M. L. MEACHAM. A. C. TREADWELL
MEACHAM & TREADWELL,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Grocers, Cotton Factors
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
NO. 9 UNION STREET,
Stonewall Block, - - Memphis, Tenn

REFERRING to the above card, it will be seen that we have completed our mammoth Storehouse, No. 9 Union street, "Stonewall Block," and are now opening up the largest and most varied stock of

Groceries and Plantation Supplies

Ever brought to this market. We will be pleased at all times to see and serve our old customers, and as many new as may favor us with a call. Returning thanks for the very liberal patronage extended to us for the last fifteen years, we hope by prompt[illegible] in all things and strict attention to business to merit a continuation of the same.

Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished at lowest market prices.

Our Mr. TREADWELL will give his entire attention to the sale of Cotton.

Our Mr. MEACHAM, one of the oldest Grocery Merchants in the city, will give his undivided attention to the Wholesale Grocery Department.

Call and see us; we will make it to your interest to trade with us. sep9 3m

C. C. PARTEE, Late Vernon, Partee & Clay. Memphis, Tenn.
B. FRANK HARBERT, Capt. J. S. CARUTHERS,
—WITH—
PARTEE & HARBERT,
Cotton and Tobacco Factors,
AND GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
No. 290 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.
Cash advances made on consignments. Bagging, Rope and Supplies furnished. sep1 6m

E. DASHIELL, Memphis, Tenn.
H. F. HILLIARD, Somerville, Tenn.
DASHIELL & HILLIARD,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 296 Front Street, : Memphis, Tenn.
Bagging and Rope furnished to parties who will ship us their Cotton. aug8 3m

W. B. CHRISP, ALBERT F. DOD
W. B. CHRISP & CO.,
Cotton Factors,
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
274 Front Row, Memphis, Tenn.
Orders for Bagging and Rope filled promptly, at lowest market prices. All Cotton consigned to us by river, and all Cotton in store, covered by Insurance unless otherwise instructed. au8 1f

S. M. NELSON. JNO. F. TITUS
NELSON & TITUS,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 10 Jefferson Street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

We are successors to the old firm of Titus & Co., and would be pleased to have their old customers continue their business with us. We also respectfully solicit a share of the business of the planters of the South. All Cotton consigned to us will be insured, unless otherwise instructed.

MEMPHIS, TENN., September 4, 1868.
On retiring from active business, I respectfully call attention to the above card, which contains the names of my own and my old partner's son, and solicit for them the patronage of my old customers and friends. I can always be found at their office, where I will be pleased to meet my old friends.
au5 2m F. TITUS.

C. DICKMANN, New Orleans.
WM. KEENAN HILL, Memphis.
DICKMANN & HILL,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 38 Union Street, : : New Orleans

WM. KEEN

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

Office—No. 13 Jefferson Street.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express, daily	3:00 p.m.	3:05 p.m.
Sardis accom'n, daily, except Sunday	8:30 a.m.	5:00 p.m.
Freight, (North Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday; south, Monday, Wednesday and Friday)	4:15 p.m.	7:00 a.m.

Takes effect Sunday, August 16, 1868.
A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.
O. P. OAKLEY Gen. Ticket Ag't. au16

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Mail (daily)	6:30 p.m.	12:30 p.m.
Through Express	10:30 p.m.	11:30 p.m.

(This train does not leave Saturdays.)
Corinth Accommodation, (except Sundays) at
Somerville Accommodation daily (except Sunday)
Railroad Time is 20 minutes faster than city time.
Ticket office, 278 Main street and at Depot.
W. J. ROSS, Gen'l Sup't.

Memphis and Louisville Railroad Line.

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Day Express	6:40 a.m.	3:40 p.m.
Night Express	5:40 p.m.	9:15 a.m.

(City Time.)
Ticket offices No. 257½ Main street and at Depot, head of Main street.
SAM. B. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

CITY MATTERS.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Hereafter individual bills of any Employee of this paper will not be allowed as an offset against accounts due us. And no bill will be paid unless contracted by our authority.

AINSLIE, KEATING & CO.

There was not a single State case before the lower district Justices yesterday.

Violet Dowdell's case was continued yesterday until Saturday, on account of the illness of the prosecutrix.

THE GRAND CENTRAL PARK PICNIC was postponed yesterday on account of the weather.

The stand for the orators Saturday night, commenced going up on the bluff yesterday.

HERNANDO ROAD—People wanting family supplies will do well by calling on S. M. Guest, just south of South street. He sells cheap for cash. s11 1w

REV. MR. F. H. BOWMAN, from Virginia, will preach in the First Methodist Church, corner of Poplar and Second streets, this (Friday) evening at 8 o'clock. Pews free.

Messrs. Dickinson, Williams & Co., No. 210, Front street, received yesterday the first bale from Fayette county. It was raised by Z. M. Shack e ord, weighed 433 pounds, and was not classed.

IN THE Radical Smith negro demonstration last night, every second man was heavily armed with guns, pistols, knives and sabres. This host will not be able to save their leaders armed though they be, we warn them, if one drop of white blood is spilled by one of the miscreants in this city.

THE WEATHER.—About three o'clock yesterday morning a terrible storm of rain and wind came up from the Southwest, and for several hours thereafter a deluge of water fell. Ag writing, though black clouds hang around the edges of the horizon, the skies bid fair for a pleasant day to-day.

The first bale of cotton from Gibson county, and the 7th Congressional District, was received yesterday by Shane, Harris, & Co., 251 Front street. It was raised by Capt. Hutcherson of Milan, Gibson county; classed middling, and weighed 490 pounds. The same house received the first bale last year.

Henry Floyd, the notorious, gave "leg ball" to Squire Kiernan's deputies on Wednesday afternoon, and sloped. This is the second time that he has escaped after being captured by the Metropolitan police and handed over to State officers. We suggest that the police hold him next time.

CLOAK MANUFACTORY.—With pleasure we announce the fact that Messrs. Menken Brothers have determined, with the energy they always show, that no monopoly shall exist in this city. They have made preparations on a grand scale to cut, fit and make both Ladies' and Children's Cloaks. At great expense they have sent to Paris for the latest fashions, and have employed a cutter of eminent ability and experience. We wish them success.

NEGRO ORATORS WANTED.—A gentleman of Friar's Point sends us the following. Any of our colored orators desiring to answer the call can ascertain particulars at this office:

FRIAR'S POINT, Miss., September 8, 1868.
Editors Memphis Appeal:
The Democratic Clubs of this county want one or two good colored speakers on Saturday, the 12th inst., to meet two Radicals in open debate. Will pay no kind a thousand unless one or two. We will pay their expenses and remunerate them besides. Send them down on the Natoma Thursday evening.
Your Friend, H. P. B.

THE PURIM FEAST.—Mr. Louis Moore desires us to announce that through the kindness of Mr. A. Block, who has kindly volunteered the use of his carriage for the purpose, he will be enabled to exhibit his great moving tableau, or the Purim Feast, in a splendid manner, on Saturday evening. He requests all Hebrews who wish to participate in the display, to take their place in the line between the panoramic transparency and the carriage containing the four mothers of Israel. The tableau will leave No. 442 Shelby street at half-past six o'clock, and will join the grand procession at the place of formation.

THE GOOD WORK GOES BRAVELY ON! Last night the white mployees of the Memphis and Charleston railroad, held a meeting at the corner of Jefferson street and Charles on avenue and organized a Seymour and Blair club. Over two hundred men signed the roll—every man of them a voter. They organized under the name of the Memphis and Charleston Democratic Railroad Club, and with the following officers: Edward Andeson, President; Wm. Harrington, Vice President; Thomas Casey, Secretary; and Mr. Lindeman, Treasurer. The Secretary has been instructed to swell its numbers to three hundred by Saturday night, when it will take its place in the procession, one of the strongest if not the youngest of the clubs.

"THE CAUSATION OF DISEASE determinative of its character, illustrated by yellow and malarious fevers," is the title of a philosophic medical essay by Dr. Frank A. Ramsay, of this city, originally published in the Nashville *Journal of Medicine and Surgery*, and reprinted in pamphlet form. We have not had an opportunity of more than glancing over this little work, but found on every page something interesting and suggestive. The historical data given, and comparisons of the malarious fevers of the middle ages and of the last two centuries, are especially interesting. When convenient, we will, with the author's permission, at a future time, present our readers with a few extracts from the work. As the original edition was small, and it is now difficult to obtain a copy of the pamphlet, we would suggest *en passant* to the publishers the propriety of issuing a new edition.

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.—At a special meeting of St. Andrew's Society, the following preamble and resolution was unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, At the last regular meeting of the St. Andrew's Society, a committee of five was appointed with full power to act in regard to having a picnic, in conjunction with St. George's Society; and

Whereas, An informal meeting was held by a part of said committee, without notifying the other members of the committee, and have assumed to act without consulting a majority of the committee; and

Whereas, A majority of the committee have reported adversely to having a pic nic, be it therefore

Resolved, That the St. Andrew's Society repudiate the action of the minority, and disavows any connection with the proposed picnic, and that the use of the society name is wholly unauthorized.

J. LESLIE,
President of St. Andrew's Society.
A. J. MURRAY, Secretary.

ON THE BLUFF.—Buzzard's Roost was loud last night. The buzzards, white and black, assembled in flocks at their respective meeting places, and in grand parade, with torches and banners, marched to the woodpile. In the line were many transparencies, decorated with beautiful and appropriate mottoes, one or two of which we cannot refrain from copying. One design was a square frame, covered with canvas, on which was printed the names of the immortal trio, "Grant, Colfax, and Smith." The motto was:

"There sat three crows upon a tree,
And they were black as black could be."

On another was the touching and pathetic inscription, "Smith fust." There had been something else written on the canvas, which looked like "pay." The legend would then have read thus: "Pay Smith fust," and is supposed to refer to the little pecuniary squabble that the Hero of Water Valley has gotten into lately with his would-be purchaser, Nunn. At the woodpile the "bell buzzards" were rampant, and crowed and fluttered with their usual liveliness, repeating the same old talk about each other, and indulging in the endearing epithets of "thief," "liar" and "scoundrel," when speaking of the other wing of the great Radical party.

HORRIBLE ACCIDENT.

Collapsing of a Steam Boiler Flue.

Two Men Fatally Scalded—A Hideous Spectacle.

The steam saw mill of James Rose, Esq., situated at the extreme northern end of the Navy Yard, was yesterday the scene of a terrible and heartrending accident, by which two men were fearfully mangled and literally parboiled.

About half-past eleven o'clock a.m., or perhaps a little later, one of the flues of the boiler attached to the engine collapsed, driving out the head and breeching of the boilers with terrific violence, and with a roar like the explosion of a heavy piece of ordnance. Two negro firemen, named Geo. Paxton and Israel Simpkins, who were standing immediately in front of the furnace, were blown away, Paxton being thrown fully a hundred feet, and Simpkins about half that distance. When picked up both were alive, but were naked, and their skin and flesh were hanging in shreds and as white as snow. They were not conscious, and of course did not seem to be in great pain, but it is impossible for them to survive more than a few hours.

The breeching of the boiler was thrown a hundred yards, and portions of the fastenings much further. A large mass of debris was thrown some fifty yards, falling on a cart that was being loaded under the supervision of Mr. George Bassett.

The whole damage that was done was immediately in front of the boiler. A workbench which stood there was totally demolished and broken into little fragments. Had the accident occurred a half hour later, not one of the employees of the mill, some thirteen in number, could have escaped mutilation or death, for, on this workbench they were in the habit of eating their dinner at noon. The chimney was not injured save very slightly, and with the exception of a corner post torn away by a fragment, the building sustained no injury.

The cause of the explosion or collapsing of the flue is not known. It is supposed, however, that the boiler, which was an old one, had been subjected of late to a much higher pressure than it should have been, owing to the fact that s. me weeks ago additions were made to the machinery, and the boiler was taxed beyond its strength to produce the requisite steam power to drive the same.

OUR RAILROADS.

Reduction in Freight and Passenger Tariffs.

Cheap rates of travel and transportation are a prime necessity to commercial prosperity, and it is a gratifying sign of the times that all of the railroads running into Memphis, regarding it as a guiding prine ple, and have reduced both their freights and passage tariffs not only on through business, but especially on local and way trade,—thereby removing a great drawback on our commercial prosperity and advancement. Hitherto our merchants have complained, and justly, that the high rates to and from our city, had driven trade that was legitimately ours, away from us, and helped to build up Louisville, Cincinnati and other cities, at our expense. By the high tariff arrangement even the little town of Brownsville was enabled to take trade away from us. People at our doors, sent their produce to markets at a distance, and of course bought their supplies where they sold their commodities.

But "all that has been changed." By the late wise and liberal action of the Charleston, the Ohio, and the Tennessee roads, in reducing their freight and passenger tariff, a new era has been inaugurated, and farmers along the line of the roads will now seek Memphis, which, by right, should always have been so, the market for the disposal of produce of all kinds and descriptions, and the purchase of their supplies. The people, both the farmers and planters, and the citizens of Memphis, fully appreciate the benefits accruing to them from this course of action on the part of the railroads, and feel grateful to the directors and officers for it.

RIVER FREIGHTS.

Correction for the Memphis and White River Packet Company.

The *Avalanche* of yesterday published these sentences:

"River freights from Memphis to Friar's Point are fifty cents per hundred pounds; from Louisville to Friar's Point, thirty-five cents per hundred pounds. Here is a difference of three dollars per ton in favor of Louisville, hundreds of miles away, although Friar's Point is one mile nearer neighbor almost under the bluffs. Freights from St. Louis to Memphis are twenty cents per hundred pounds; from Memphis to Friar's Point fifty cents, as already stated."

Our cotemporary, usually very correct in such matters, is in this instance mistaken. The following are the rates to the points spoken of:

ALL WAY LANDINGS TO AND INCLUDING FRIAR'S POINT.

Pound freights	25c per 100 lbs.
Dry barrels	50c per barrel.
Pork	75c " "
Whisky	$1 00 " "
Corn and oats	25c per sack.

TO ALL LANDINGS FROM FRIAR'S POINT TO THE MOUTH OF WHITE RIVER.

Pound freight	35c per 100 lbs.
Dry barrels	75c per barrel.
Pork	$1 00 " "
Whisky	1 25 " "
Corn and oats	35c per sack.

The above are the advertised rates of the White River Packet Company. The Des Are and Natoma also take freight at these rates.

FIRST CIVIL DISTRICT.

A Democratic Club Organized.

A Protest Against Lawlessness—Crop Prospects, Etc.

Correspondence of the Appeal.]
FIRST CIVIL DISTRICT, SHELBY COUNTY, }
September 7, 1868. }

Messrs. Editors: Feeling that you and all engaged in the same great cause of liberty and justice would like to hear from our portion of the country, I take pleasure in submitting the following, hoping you will give it publication.

At a meeting for the purpose of permanently organizing the First Civil District Democratic Club, held on Saturday, the 5th instant, Mr. Thomas Epperson was elected President, and R. N. Bond, Esq., John Pool, Esq., Dr. L. L. Hattie and F. M. Hughes, Esq., were elected Vice Presidents, and B. F. Miller, Esq., Secretary.

A call was then made for all those who wished to join the club, which was responded to by forty-six, who enrolled themselves as members.

Mr. W. R. Gibson, of Memphis, being called upon, addressed the meeting at some length, in an earnest and impressive manner, especially impressing the necessity of constant, earnest and vigorous action. At the close of his remarks, Mr. George B. Malone was introduced who held the audience spell-bound with his eloquent appeals and apt and fitting remarks.

The following resolution was then offered by Mr. Gibson and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, By the members of the First Civil District Democratic Club, That we deprecate the burning of colored school-houses, and earnestly protest against any such act as contrary to law, unjust and impolitic.

The reasons which led to the offering the above are as follows: On the night of the 4th a colored schoolhouse was burned to the ground by some party or parti s unknown. The Radicals, of course, raised the cry of *Ku-klux*, and have made the negroes believe that such was the case. The facts of the matter, if ever developed, will show that it was a Radical trick to make capital—a job put up by them to try and turn the tide that is already beginning to set in among the colored people towards Democracy. Be that as it may, there is no prospect of being able to *prove* who the perpetrators were, and hence no prompt action on the part of the First District Democratic Club.

The colored people of this district are beginning to understand the situation, and are flocking to the Seymour and Blair standard. We think from present indications that the First District will present a solid front for the Democracy next November.

Crop prospects are tolerably good in this region. Corn will yield generally very well. The cotton looks very fine, but has been injured by the heavy and almost incessant rains.

Recipients of a bogatiful harvest, hopeful of a political triumph over tyranny and oppression, we look forward to the day when our country will be redeemed, our Constitution enforced, our rights acknowledged, the sable clouds disappear from the political horizon, and peace and good will shall reign triumphant throughout the American Union.

RUSTICUS.

PERSONAL.

We are indebted to Mr. Henry Seessel, of the firm of A. Seessel & Son, dry goods merchants, for a copy of the New York *World* of the 7th. Mr Seessel left New York city on Monday morning last, where he made attractive purchases additional to those that have been arriving the past two weeks at his handsome and well filled store.

If you want a good Hat go to Leidy & Co.'s.

TORCHLIGHT BEARERS, ATTENTION! We can supply you with an illuminating oil, suitable for torches, at 35 cents per gallon.
G. H. BLOOD & CO.,
334 Main street.

AGRICULTURAL.

Revival of the Shelby County Agricultural Society.

List of Subscribers and Amount Subscribed to Date.

Mr. K. J. B. L. Winn, who has been indefatigable in his efforts in the cause, reports to us the following collections to date:

B Lowenstein & Bro	$25	F W Smith	$10
B Bayliss	10	Charles King	5
Rush	5	A C Heltie	5
H Dow	5	R D Ward	5
J O Ward	5	McKinney, Bryson & Co	10
M E Cochran	10		
J C Saint	5	W A Williams	5
G J Widrig (in lumber)	10	T F Toliver	4
J M White, M. D	5	L Lazzaretto	5
G W Jones & Co	5	L Kremer	5
J B Berry, Ark	5	Menken Bros	5
J G Neely	5	W H Andres	5
J T Jefferson	5	C C Hall	5
N V Perkins	5	Judson & Co	5
John A Denie	5	Allison Bros	5
R C Brinkley	5	Wm F Hardin	5
Finnie & Buckham	5	F H Clark & Co	5
H Wade	5	Wm R Moore	5
J Benkle	5	J H Edmondson	5
Jo H Elliott	5	Murphy & Cash	5
Mrs M C Hunter	5	A D Gibson	5
G O Buntyn	5	F Glassick & Co	5
Coronna & Co	5	Woodruff & Co	5
John I. Eichberg	5	E B Porter	5
Wm Duncan McClain	5	H B Pasker	5
Alex Kirkman	5	Young & Brother	5
J W Page, jr	5	John C Lewis	5
H E Goodnett	5	David P Hadden & Co	5
S. Bowling	5		
Toof Phillips & Co	5	R Brannon	5
C B Gallaway	5	J C Simpson	5
John Cobbin	5	J T Swayne	5
J O'Ford & Co	5	B B Waddell	5
Geo R Powell	5	F Titus	5
A Munson	5	Geo D Williams	5
John F Hill & Co	5	H Lemfro	5
Stanley, King & Smith	5	F W Irvine	5
Jno B Robinson	5	Brown & Lyles	5
M C Pearce	5	R A Moore	5
J T Bourne	5	Busby & Hatchett	5
Hitman, Cobb & Co	5	Black, Estes & Co	5
P J M Patrick	5	J D Elliott	5
Harris, Cochrane & Co	5	C W Harbert	5
Commercial Hotel	5	Levy & Sharpe	5
Ainslie, Keating & Co	5	O G Cannon & Co	5
Patterson & McCowen	5	E C Kirk	5
A T Bateman	5	James G Moffitt	5
Schoolfield & Hancock	5	Jas C McManus	5
J A Nevils	5	F W Hunter	5
Geo Mc Clana & Co	5	K J B L Winn	5
S O Plummer	5	Fargason & Cay	5
Jno T Stratton	5	John J Buckley	5
Jno W Webber	5	G D Fitzhugh	5
J B Hill	5	Walker Bros & Co	5
Taylor & Butland	5	J M Gilfoyle	5
J S Clayton	5	Sutton & Mann	5
Williamson, Hill & Co	5	H S King & Co	5
Anderson & Gay	5	Vaughn & Co	5
Meacham & Treadwell	5	James T Freeman	5
Price & Terry	5	Galbreath Stewart & Co	5
Newton Ford & Co	5	Price & Treadwell	5
Owen McNutt & Co	5	Pettit & Simpson	5
Joe Tagg	5	G A Hanson	5
A S Hankin & J M Keys	5	Hallman & Vieuna	5
R G Craig & Co	5	J W Fall	5
W S Duff	5	McDonough & Flannery	5
Robin Lynn & Co	5	J Happoldt & Co	5
Y Day	5	Moores Smith & Co	5
G H Bloor & Co	5	W N Wilkinson	5
Wheeler Perkins & Co	5	Howell Wood & Co	5
T Bergoin	5	B J Semmes & Co	5
D D Carpenter	5	Dawson	5
Ferguson & Privett	5	G T Beauman	5
W B Miller	5	W B Cotton	5
M Cousins	5	Mabb & Weber	5
J O'Conner	5	Bigley & Richardson	5
W T Avery	5	M W Kenne	5
E Regan	5	E P Bates & Co	5
Jno Barrett	5	W L Sterling	5
W B Jones	5	H S Caldwell	5
Hubbard & Lovell	5	Smith & Leech	5
Conner & Richardson	5	Mathews Judson & Co	5
A P Morgan	5	McCahery & Cornelius	5
J C Graves & Co	5	J S Miller	5
D Nakhi	5	Canon Bodine	5
Jones & Scott	5	Besse, Levy & Co	5
A M Stoddard & Co	5	Wiggs, Cuson & Co	10
Cobb & Co	5		
D F Goodyear	5		
M Jones	5		
A Hecco	5		
S C Mount	5		
Richard J Person	5		
J G Lumsden	5		
Asher & Kirkman	5		
Farrington & Howell	10		
Total			$1103

Books have been opened at the office of Messrs. M. D. L. Stewart, Clerk of the Circuit Court, (in the County Courthouse, entrance on Union street,) Boyster, Trezevant & Co.'s corner of Jefferson and Main, and at the bank of Messrs. Murphy & Cash, corner of Main and Madison streets. We hope our people will continue to respond with the liberality with which they have commenced.

INTERNAL IMPROVEMENT.

Proposed Congressional Excursion to the Mississippi Valley.

In Cincinnati, a Congressional excursion party down the Mississippi, has been projected and is being discussed. A public meeting was held there a few days since, and a committee was appointed to confer with the authorities of the various river cities and towns to secure their co operation in the movement. The committee have issued the following circular:

We, the undersigned committee, would most respectfully request you to lay the subject before your Chamber of Commerce and your City Council, and request their co-operation in this important matter, by the appointment of a like committee, to represent your city at a general committee meeting, for the purpose of adopting suitable measures for carrying into effect the object above stated; a like request has been sent to all the river towns along the contemplated route, and or the purpose of saving time, which is important, would most respectfully suggest Wednesday, the 23d or September, proximo, as the day, and Cincinnati the place for the meeting of the General Committee to make the necessary arrangements. If, in your judgment, any other time or place would be preferable, please, in your reply, signify the same, and if any change in time or place should be made, you will have notice accordingly. If you get no notice to the contrary, then the above time and place will govern.

Please attend to this request at your earliest convenience, and report immediately.

This projected excursion will furnish an opportunity of enforcing upon the attention of Congress, by a local inspection, the necessity and feasibility of many internal improvements intimately connected with the commercial interests of the Southwest—such for instance as the plan of Col. Porter for leveeing the Mississippi, and building a railroad on the projected levees. In accordance, therefore, with the suggestion embodied in the above, we hope that immediate steps will be taken by our corporate authorities to appoint from among our very best citizens a committee to aid and assist in the execution of a movement, which, if carried out, is destined to play so important a role in building up our prosperity.

THE COURTS.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*Geo. W. Waldran, Judge.*—In the case of the State vs W. H. Morrison, in default for perjury. The defendant was admitted to bail on his own recognizance in the sum of $100.

Last evening, Judge Hunter heard the Habeas Corpus case of the State vs. Newton Neely, charge of shooting with intent to kill. The case came up on the question of reduction of bail. Defendant bound over in the sum of $500.

Several writs of mandamus were issued on yesterday, and served on J. L. Chandler, City Tax Collector, commanding him to rescind a certain sum for taxes on privileges from certain saloon keepers.

To-day Court will adjourn to court in course the second Monday in October next.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*Geo. W. Waldran, Judge.*—A few judgments were taken on yesterday in unimportant cases. To-day will be motion day, the motion docket will be called as usual. All garnishees will have to answer to-day.

CHANCERY COURT—*A. Alston, Clerk and Master.*—On yesterday Chancellor Smith issued his *fiat* granting an injunction in the case of H. W. Scott vs S. S. Beaumont and M. A. Cook. The bill prays that injunction may issue to restrain M J Wicks from paying to Beaumont, Hastings, McCune or Kenan, their agents or attorneys, the sum of five hundred dollars, and restraining Beaumont, Hastings, McCune and Kenan from receiving the same being the sum exacted from Judge Scott by Beaumont for services in recovering a drove of cattle. The bill set forth all the charges against Beaumont, heretofore published, as to the transaction. The *fiat* of the Judge is as follows:

"Upon complainant executing bond with security in the sum of six hundred dollars, the Clerk and Master will issue the writ of injunction in pursuance of the prayer of this bill."

WM. M. SMITH, Chancellor.

THE NICHOLSON pavement of Chicago begins already to show serious defects, and the papers are calling for improvements and repairs. The blocks become displaced, the planks give way, and every depression retaining water, the process of decay is exceedingly rapid. And this will be the case in Memphis, too, unless more care is exercised in laying the blocks, and more tar is used.

ANOTHER BRUTAL OUTRAGE BY NEGROES.—Last evening, about nine o'clock, as an old white woman, whose name we were unable to learn, and who has been for years selling milk in the city, was returning home, she was set upon, about three miles from the city, on the Hernando road, by three negro men, who halted the wagon, and, striking her over the head, left her for dead on the roadside. They then took the wagon and disappeared. Two patrolmen found the senseless body of the old lady an hour afterward and brought it to town. The police were detailed by Col. Beaumont to search for the ruffians, but up to writing had not found them.

Our fall styles of Hats, in quality and styles, are unequalled. Leidy & Co., 269 Main street, opposite the square.

THE TWELFTH.

GRAND DEMOCRATIC DEMONSTRATION TO COME OFF ON SATURDAY NIGHT.

The Committee of Arrangements and Marshals have adopted the following organization and line of march for the great demonstration to take place on Saturday night, the 12th inst.; the Clubs to form at places designated, and be ready to march at half-past seven o'clock p.m.:

Band,
To form on Second street, south of Jefferson.

Car of Liberty,
With escort of Blair Knights; to form in rear of Band.

Feast of Purim,
With escort of Blair Knights; to form in rear of above.

Young Men's Independent Democratic Club,
To form on Madison street, west of Second street.

Central Club,
To form on Second street, south of Madison st.

Independent Seymour Club,
To form on Monroe street, west of Second st.

Tableau, with Union and Confederate Soldiers,
To form in rear of Independent Seymour Club.

Greenwood Club,
To form on Madison street, east of Second st.

Young Men's Bluff City Club,
To form on Madison street, east of Second st

Omnibuses and Carriages,
To form around Court Square, headed on Second street and South Court street.

1st, 2d and 4th Ward Clubs,
To form on Jefferson street, east of Second st.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad Democratic Club,
Will form opposite New Memphis Theatre.

Steamboatmen's Club and Firemen,
To form on Jefferson street, west of Second st.

5th, 6th, 7th and 8th Ward Clubs,
To form on Adams street, east of Second street.

10th Ward Clubs, Nos 1 and 2,
To form on Adams street, west of Second street.

District Clubs—Huppertown and Springdale Clubs,
To form on Washington street, west of Second street.

Nicholson Pavement, 9th Ward, and Colored Clubs, and all Draymen Teamsters,
To form on Poplar street, east of Second street.

DeSoto Boat Club,
To form on Washington st., West of Second st.

Mounted Clubs from the Country,
To form on Poplar street, west of Second street.

The Clubs forming on Poplar street, east of Second street, to report to Col. B. B. Waddell, Assistant Marshal, for orders.

The Grand Marshal to wear Red Sash.
The Assistant Marshals to wear Blue Sash.
The Club Marshals to wear White Sash.
All the Marshals to be mounted.

Grand Marshal—Gen. N. B FORREST.
ASSISTANT MARSHALS.

Col. Moses White,	Col. Irving Halsey,
Col. M. Magovney,	Capt. E. L. Hamlin,
Capt. J. W. Cochran,	Capt. Geo. Maliersh,
Edward Anderson.	

And other Marshals appointed by the Young Men's Independent Democratic Club are invited to come forward and take their places.

Colonel J. J. LUBONE, at the request of General Forrest, has consented to take charge of the Mounted Clubs from the country.

Young Ladies Representing Different States.

TENNESSEE	Nellie Smith
INDIANA	Ida Armstrong
TEXAS	Anna Lumpkin
PENNSYLVANIA	Hattie Coulns
VIRGINIA	Nellie Kimball
ALABAMA	Cora Asbe
CALIFORNIA	Kate Preston
NEBRASKA	Maggie Ashe
KANSAS	Ida Smith
WISCONSIN	Nora Bell Avery
MISSISSIPPI	Stella Specht
NEW YORK	Kate Kirk
GEORGIA	Mollie Taylor
MARYLAND	Knoxie Flexner
LOUISIANA	Emma Word
DELAWARE	Jennie Specht
KENTUCK	Lady Bachus
ARKANSAS	Minnie Pallen
NORTH CAROLINA	Lilie Ballentine
NEW HAMPSHIRE	Nee Clara Smith
OHIO	Rose McPherson
SOUTH CAROLINA	Julia Morgan
FLORIDA	Marie McEwen
MISSOURI	Ella Morgan
NEW JERSEY	Gulia Delonceoh
WEST VIRGINIA	allie Owen
VERMONT	Annie Pickett
ILLINOIS	Willie Smith
MICHIGAN	Emma Mitchell
IOWA	Lilie Wray
MAINE	Lida Specht
OREGON	Fannie Cartwright
MINNESOTA	Mary Rose Childs
CONNECTICUT	Hester Childs
MASSACHUSETTS	Louisa Coleman
RHODE ISLAND	Camelia McPherson

LINE OF MARCH.

Up Second street to Winchester, through Winchester to Main, down Main to Trezevant, through Trezevant to Shelby, up Shelby to the stand between Monroe and Madison, on the bluff.

ALL LADIES
Are invited to attend, and those wishing conveyances will find them at Court Square.

The following gentlemen have been added to the Committee on Reception, and will be at the stand to attend to the wants of the ladies: Col. J. H. Edmondson, Robert Hamner, W. K. Poston, Capt. W. H. Forrest, Capt. Sam Finley, Capt. E. A. Levy, John Gibson.

MEMPHIS AND SELMA RAILROAD.

Commendatory Letter from an Enterprising Citizen.

Editors Appeal: I have read with pleasure the letter of Messrs. H. W. Walters and Minor Meriweather in the APPEAL of yesterday, in allusion to the proposed Railroad to Holly Springs, and beg that you will permit me to heartily indorse their suggestions. Said road *must* be built, or Memphis must languish and pine away a sickly existence. Recent railroad enterprises adjoining us have so situated Memphis as to make this contemplated line one, without the aid of which, we cannot hope to remain even a second class city. With it, our recently disturbed commerce will begin rapidly to increase and prosper. Let there be no delay for Presidential election, or other reasons. Our people, both here and along the proposed line of the road, want bread, butter and prosperity, and this will bring it. Let the survey, then, at once be made, and let every citizen of Memphis, and along the line of the road, lend every possible aid, both by word and deed, to start the road into immediate operation.

WM. R. MOORE.

PASCHALL HOUSE.—At the request of Judge P. S. Lanham, manager of the Paschall House drawing, I have appointed the following named gentlemen, from Memphis, to assist in the drawing and distribution of prizes on the 8th day of October: H. S. King, 321 Second street; R. N. Blakemore, 212 Front street; W. H. Passmore, Second street. These gentlemen, all being old merchants, and well-known here and abroad, will add confidence to this already popular scheme. I have a fresh supply of tickets from headquarters, and will be pleased to see all who wish to get rich within the next thirty days.

E. S. PLUMMER,
First Agent for Memphis, 212 Front street.
wfs

THE regular monthly meeting of the Relief Association 154th Sr. Regt., will be held at their hall, 313 Main street, this (Friday) evening at 8 p. m. By order.

M. MAGEVNEY, Jr., Pres't.
J. M. WOOD, Secretary.

We keep the best and latest styles. Leidy & Co., Hatters, 269 Main street, opposite the square.

PEACHES! PEACHES!—Ten thousand bushels peaches wanted by the Memphis Preserving Company, under the Gayoso House. 1w

Hats—the best in the city at Leidy & Co.'s, 269 Main street, opposite the square.

For a genuine Beaver Hat go to Leidy & Co.'s, opposite the square, No. 269 Main street.

Gent's Dress Hats, the best in the city, at Leidy's, opposite the square, No. 269.

FRUIT.—We will buy all the fresh peaches, quinces, dried peaches and dried apples that we can get. Will pay the growers a fair price for the same.
MEMPHIS PRESERVING COMPANY,
1w Under the Gayoso House.

CONFECTIONERIES.—Go to August Berton, corner of Poplar and Fourth streets, for good cakes, candies, and a No. 1 assortment of crackers for family use. se6-1w

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

CINCINNATI, September 10.—The river has risen rapidly, having risen 3 feet. It has been raining steadily for the last 18 hours, and part of the time very hard.

PITTSBURG, September 10.—The river is rising with 4 feet 9 inches in the canal. Weather wet and warm.

Departed—Minneola for Memphis, and Era No. 9 for New Orleans.

CAIRO, September 10.—Up, Forsythe, 1 a.m. Down, Bee, 5 a.m., Tacony, 3 p.m., City of Alton, 5 p.m. The river rose one foot. The Belle Lee leaves for New Orleans on the 15th.

ST. LOUIS, September 10.—Arrived, Belle Memphis and Luminary. Departed, Rubicon, Pauline Carroll and Kellogg. The river is rising slowly and the upper streams are swelling. Business with Memphis, Vicksburg and New Orleans is good and improving.

MEMPHIS, September 11.—A heavy rain fell early yesterday, and nearly all day eased up before noon. The sun came out hot in the afternoon. The river at this point is about stationary. The Arkansas is falling at the mouth, but there is a four foot rise reported at Fort Smith, and by this time it is no doubt rising at Little Rock. White river is falling. Hence to Cairo 7½ feet is all that can be found, and 5 feet thence to St. Louis.

Arrivals.

Steamer Champion, Cincinnati.
" Tahlequah, Cincinnati.

Departures.

Steamer Tahlequah, New Orleans.
" Marble City, St. Louis.
" Natoma, Napoleon.

In Port.

Champion.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Natoma left with a good trip for Napoleon, and the Champion arrived with about 750 tons of freight from Cincinnati, a large portion of which was for reshipment to Arkansas river.

Capt. John D. Adams was expected in town yesterday evening.

The elegant U. S. steamer Mayflower, Capt. Wm. Ashford, leaves to-morrow for all points on White river, connecting at Devall's Bluff, with the Little Rock train. The Smithers brothers are her clerks.

The City of Alton, Capt. Wm. Thompson, will be in port to-night and leaves to-morrow for Cairo and St. Louis. She is a splendid steamer.

Duff, of the *Avalanche*, left this city very mysteriously a few days ago. Whether he has gone is not known, though more than one anxious creditor has made the inquiry. The mackerel brigade for the nonce is without a leader and the quietness which reigns in our police circles is attributable solely to the fact that the leader of the gang is not at his post. St. Louis or Cincinnati will suffer, however, during the raid now being made upon them. Less he should embezzle enough to pass under an assumed name while starring, we will state to the officers of the law, that he is about 5 feet 6 inches high, hatchet faced, with calico eyes and sandy colored hair, wears a plated or washed vest chain attached to a galvanized ticker, formerly the property of a sporting African.

Mr. Clarance Hall, who has been absent for some time, returned home yesterday.

We are collecting some facts in relation to the embargo now laid upon steamboats at our levee, and will give them to our readers in a day or two.

The Champion, Capt. Gregg, came in yesterday and leaves to-day at 5 p.m. for Cairo, Louisville and Cincinnati. We commend Capt. Gregg and his light lower Thad. Writhlin, to those round up the Ohio.

The Natoma brought in ten bales of cotton, seven of which were of the new crop.

The Magenta will be here on Wednesday next to leave for New Orleans, and the great Mississippi will follow on the following Wednesday.

Nat. Green is in our city on a visit to his family, and is making all the necessary arrangements for the new line.

The fine steamer Julia, with Capt. Bob Riley, long and favorably known in the Memphis and St. Louis packet trade, on the roof, will pass up this morning for Cairo and St. Louis. Capt. Bob has become a fixture on the Julia. Sandy Lamb is in charge of the office, and is as popular as he is good looking.

The U. S. Mail steamer Rubicon, Capt. Blake, with A. C. Grimson in the office, is in the regular Vicksburg packet to-day, leaving at 5 p.m. She is one of the best passenger boats on the river.

The Legal Tender had to lighten at Hurricane bar. She had not arrived at dark last night.

The Alaska is lying up below Hurricane, awaiting a rise.

The Luminary will be compelled to lose a trip owing to the accident to her wheel.

Capt. Tom Reason on his way to Pittsburg, to contract for a mountain boat.

Will Hays has been to Cincinnati, and got back to Louisville alive, but nothing more.

The Era No. 3 is coming down the Ohio, bound for New Orleans, with the hull of the Fanny Gilbert in tow.

The Gleaner will be dismantled at Madison It is said that Capt. Yerkes has bought the Berths from Fink Varble, for the sum of ten thousand dollars, and will run her in the Louisville and White river trade.

The Frank Pargoud last New Orleans for the lands last evening.

Twenty-one hundred and thirty-se

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, MEMPHIS, September 10, 1868.

A heavy rain set in about midnight last night, and continued with but little intermission until noon to-day. Every drop that falls cuts off our cotton prospects and delays the opening of the bolls, which should now be unfolding rapidly.

We are glad to be able to record a large increase, not only in the number but the size of the orders received by our packets, as well as railroad lines. The Natoma brought up a large number of planters from points between here and Napoleon, and had we a Vicksburg packet in the trade we might hope to regain a large share of the patronage from points below Napoleon. We made an effort to wake up our merchants on this subject, however, before St. Louis doubled her steamers in that trade, but without avail, and fear that all we could say on the subject from this until doomsday would be equally futile.

The money market remains quiet. In stock and bonds we look for no activity until the cotton crop comes forward, when a demand may arise among our planters, who have surplus funds; but at present our regular dealers are not in the market—they are husbanding their means so far as possible in order to accommodate their customers, among the cotton buyers, who in many cases are already making arrangements for the coming season.

A lot of $600 in city bonds was offered during the day at 50¼c, but we did not learn whether it was sold. Other stocks and bonds are nominal.

City Scrip is not offered except in small lots. The demand is very fair at 76@76c; selling at 80c.

County Warrants are steady at yesterday's quotations, while Police Scrip is unchanged.

No better time than the present could be embraced to call the attention of the proper authorities to the pedding which is going on upon our levee. Last season a very great inconvenience existed in consequence of consignments of produce being sold out in a retail way upon our landing—lying there, in many cases, for days at a time. Now that business is about to open, it would be well for those having the authority to nip this thing in the bud. It will grow if not stopped now, and last year's experience will be repeated.

Gold opened in New York at 144¾, and at p.m. was unchanged. We quote a sale of $5000 between brokers at 143¾c.

The New York Stock Board quotations were at noon to-day as follows: Old Tennessee bonds, 70¾; new, 69¾; 5-20s, coupons of '81, 135¾; '62, 135¾; '64, 99¾; '65, 109¾; new issue, 85¾; '67, 108¾; '68, 108¾; 10-40s, coupons, 104¾.

Internal Revenue Decision.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE, WASHINGTON, August 31, 1868.

By section fifty-eight of the act of July 20, 1868, it is provided that all spirits forfeited to the United States, sold by order of the Court, and all distilled spirits condemned before the passage of the act and in possession of the United States, shall be sold subject to tax, and the purchaser shall immediately before he takes possession of said spirits, pay the tax thereon.

The spirits so sold are subject to tax without regard to the question whether or not the tax has been previously paid thereon. The tax to be paid is 50c per wine gallon when below proof and per proof gallon when above proof. The special tax of $4 per barrel imposed upon distillers for each barrel in excess of one hundred barrels produced by them, is not applicable, nor is the tax of like amount imposed upon spirits in bonded warehouses at the time of the passage of the act.

This being substantially a new tax accruing upon the sale of the spirits, it will be payable in the district where the sale is made. When, therefore, a sale is made by the Marshal, he will require the purchaser to deliver to him the receipt of the Collector of the district in which such sale is made, for the tax due upon such spirits, which receipt will be executed on Form 105, and must also be signed by the Assessor or an Assistant Assessor, who will also enter the amount upon his monthly list.

The barrels must also be marked with the name of the Marshal and his official title, the date of sale and the words "tax paid," either with a stencil plate or branding iron, and some further provision is made for the identification of such packages.

E. A. ROLLINS, Commissioner.

The Liverpool cotton market was steady at the opening to day—Uplands, 10½d; Orleans, 10⅝d; and closed steady but lower—Uplands, 10¾d; Orleans, 10¾d; sales, 12,000 bales.

In New York at the opening the market was dull and tending downwards—Middlings, 27¾c; Orleans, 28½c; Good Middlings, 31¾c; closing irregular—Middlings, 27¾c, and other grades declined ¼c. Sales, 100 bales.

Our market has been moderately active when we consider the stock on hand. Sales to the amount of 13 bales were reported, 3 Strict Middlings at 26c; 5 Middlings at 25½c; and 5 of good style Low Middlings at 25c. There is no disposition to hold new cotton, and it is sold as soon as received.

COTTON STATEMENT.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, MEMPHIS, September 10, 1868.

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1868	12	47
Received to-day	56	68
Received previously		115
Exported to-day	14	
Exported previously	57	71
Stock on hand to-day, 12 m		44

Shane, Harris & Co. yesterday received a bale of new cotton from the plantation of Capt. T. M. Hutchinson, in Gibson county, this State. The consignees are well known in our midst as liberal merchants, and Capt. Hutchinson is known to all travelers as a popular conductor on the Memphis and Louisville Railroad.

We take the following from the Macon *Telegraph* in reference to the extent of the cotton crop. It will be seen that the writer was not well posted about the staple in Mississippi. News from that State is even of a more doleful character than either of the other States named:

The Mobile and New Orleans and New York cotton men are just now holding a confabulation over the wires about the forthcoming cotton crop. The Southwest insists upon two million bales as the maximum of production, while New York is firm upon two and a half millions. The Southwestern will have it, unless the increased yield in Texas and Mississippi counterbalances the certain falling off in the remaining cotton States. Georgia, Alabama and Florida will, we think, fall off heavily, and Mississippi and Texas, as we judge from what information comes to hand, will considerably enlarge their crops. Texas, we learn, is doing very handsomely. But the New Orleans men ought to know a great deal more about Texas and Mississippi than we do; and if they say two millions bales, we know of nothing in this part of the cotton-growing region to carry the crop beyond those figures. We hold it to be certain that the falling off in Georgia and Florida will be large.

APPLES—Very few coming in. Choice sell at $3@4 per bbl; inferior, $2@2 50.

BAGGING—Good stock and demand. We quote as follows in a jobbing way: Todd's, 18@ 18½c; heavy Kentucky, 23¼@23½c; India, 26@ 27c.

BRAN—Demand fair. Selling at $20 from mills, $21@22 on levee, and $23@25 from store.

BUTTER—Light receipts. Choice held at 37@ 40c; good Western, 33@35c; common, 25@30c.

BACON—Prices are weak. Forty casks clear sides were sold on landing yesterday at 17¾c, and 10 casks to-day at 17¾c. Jobbing at 17¾@ 18c; shoulders, dull at 15@15c.

CHEESE—Prices are irregular, with light stock and demand.

COFFEE—Rio, 22@26½c; Java, 40@42c.

CORN—Receipts very light. Twenty-three sacks on levee sold at 90c. Held at 95c in store.

CORNMEAL—Market dull. Fresh meal nominally $4 65 10 in lots; $4 15@4 25 in store. Very little kiln-dried in market, and no demand.

CATTLE—Prices lower. Choice to extra, 5@ 6c; No. 2, 3@4c; inferior and Texas, 1½@2½c.

CHICKENS—Scarce and firmer. Young, at 50@65; old, $@65 50.

EGGS—Very few in market. Selling at 25c.

FRUIT—Dried apples in demand at 4@5c. Dried peaches, 7@8c.

FLOUR—Market is dull. Superfine, $6 50@ 7; X, $@9 50; XX, $@— ; family, $11 50@13. Mill; XXX and fancy

HAY—Quiet. $18@22 per ton.

HAMS—Sugar-cured, main country, nominal, plain canvassed, 17@18c; sugar-cured canvassed, 20@21c.

HIDES—Receipts light. Dry flint, 21@22c; dry salt, 17@18c; green salt, 10@11c; green, 8@9c.

LARD—Prices unchanged. Kegs, 20@21c; tierces, 19@20c.

LIME—Eureka, $2 25; Alabama, Cape and St. Louis, $1 75@2.

MOLASSES—Fair stock. Sugarhouse, 65@ 70; Porto Rico, 60@80c; Syrups, 75@$1 25.

MESS PORK—There is a fair demand at $30. Prime mess, $27 50; rump, $25 50@26.

OATS—Stock moderate and prices irregular. Sales reported at 55c to 62c on levee, as to quality. 65c in store.

OILS—Coal oil, 35@40c; lard oil, $1 40@1 75; linseed $1 20@1 40.

ONIONS—Stock very light. Firm at $4@5 per bbl.

POTATOES—Good shipping are in demand at $2@3 per bbl. Sweet, 75@85c per bushel.

SHEEP—Stock only moderate. Choice Western, $4@5 50 per head; Tennessee, $2@3 50 as to quality.

SUGAR—The stock on hand is fair. We quote prime to choice Louisiana, 16@18c; common to fair, 15@16c; Island, 12½@16c.

SALT—Prices firm. Held at $3 50@3 75 per barrel of 280 lbs; 7 bushel barrels, $1 25@1 50; Liverpool sack, coarse and fine, $3 25@3 35.

TAR—In kegs, per dozen, $5 75@6.

TOBACCO—300 pounds leaf refuses sold to-day at 8c. Medium admitted is worth 18c.

WHEAT—Active demand from city millers; No. 1, $2@2 05; No. 2, $1 85@1 90; inferior, $1 40@ 1 60.

WHISKY—Market firm with improved demand. High wines, $1 15@1 25 free; common whisky, $1@1 05; Imitation Bourbon, $1 3@ 1 10; Bourbon, $1 20@3.

BANKS AND BANKING

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF MEMPHIS.

DIRECTORS:

W. A. GWYN,
F. S. DAVIS,
W. W. YOUNG, of Young Bros.;
W. W. THATCHER, of Brown & Jones;
J. W. JEFFERSON, of J. W. Jefferson & Co.;
BEN EISMAN, of Rice, Stix & Co.;
NEWTON FORD, of Newton Ford & Co.;
C. F. SMITH,
C. P. NORRIS.

F. S. DAVIS, President.
C. P. NORRIS, Vice-President.

sep1 tf

WINES AND LIQUORS.

SCHOOLFIELD & HANAUER

WHOLESALE

GROCERS & LIQUOR DEALERS

And Manufacturers' Agents for

"Virginia Shot and Lead,"

"Schoenberger's Nails,"

And "Ohio River Salt,"

No. 256 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, - - - - TENN

sep10 1m

D. H. EVANS.

Importer and Wholesale Dealers in

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS,

284 Front St., Memphis, Tenn.

ma15 tf

NATHAN BROTHERS & CO.

Importers of and Dealers in

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, ETC.,

No. 244 Front Street,

(UNDER THE COMMERCIAL HOTEL)

MEMPHIS, TENN.

KEEP constantly on hand the largest and best selected stock of Rhine Wine. mh20

Depot of the Celebrated

"Hoffheimer's" Bavarian Bitters,

—AT—

BROOKS, NEELY & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

No. 276 Front street, : : : Memphis, Tenn

jy4 3m

A. VACCARO, B. VACCARO. M. MAGEVNEY, JR. A. B. VACCARO.

A. VACCARO & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in

WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS,

ETC., ETC., ETC.,

324 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

my8

To Arrive:

19 barrels Alcohol.

In Store:

25 bbls. Copper Distilled Whisky
100 bbls. Rectified Whisky.

In Bond:

77 barrels Rectified Whisky.
60 barrels High Wines.

All of which we offer for sale low for Cash or Approved Paper.

SMITH & LEECH,

au13 3m 342 Second Street.

UNDERTAKERS.

JAS. FLAHERTY. JOHN WALSH

FLAHERTY & WALSH,

FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS

METALLIC CASES, CASKETS AND WOODen Coffins, of all kinds, constantly on hand; also, Self-sealing Air-tight Zinc Burial Cases and Caskets—large at size weighing 90 lbs., and of latest style. All orders promptly attended to.

Storehouse No. 317 Second Street, Between Union and Monroe streets. Residence, No. 186 Union street.

Having been engaged in this business for 25 years, we feel assured that we can give satisfaction. jy8 3m

R. MCCAFFREY. W. R. CORNELIUS

McCAFFREY & CORNELIUS

GENERAL

UNDERTAKERS

—AND—

EMBALMERS OF THE DEAD,

No 300 Second Street,

Near Monroe.

Memphis, - - Tennessee,

METALLIC Cases and Caskets and Wooden Coffins constantly on hand. ja9

ST. LOUIS.

JOSEPH M. O'SHEA,

SUCCESSOR TO J. D. SULLIVAN,

IMPORTER OF

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

No. 106 North Fourth Street,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, etc., repaired with neatness and dispatch.

Mr. C. D. SULLIVAN has charge of the Watch Department. sep9 3m

C. F. CHAMBERLIN & CO.,

Manufacturing and Jobbing Stationers,

201 North Main Street,

ST. LOUIS, - - - MISSOURI.

HAVING established ourselves as above, with largely increased facilities, we are prepared to execute all work in our line at greatly reduced prices, and in the very best style.

We are in receipt of a large and complete stock of Flat Cap, Letter, Legal Cap, Foolscap, Note and Fancy Papers, Plain and Fancy Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Inks and Stationers' articles generally, which we offer to the trade at New York prices, freight added, for cash.

Agents for sale "Stanton's Magic Binder." sep9 1m C. F. CHAMBERLIN & CO.

PETRO OIL.

Petro! Petro! Petro!

THE Tennessee Petro Oil Company is still alive at their new stand,

234 Main Street, Opposite Clay Building,

We inform the public in general to come forward and try it. We also defy competition in our Lamps, Burners and general Lamp Stock. We are manufacturers of the "Hanging Rock" Stoves Tinware, Castings of great varieties, wholesale and retail. Merchants will do well to examine our stock.

se6 1m ROSENBAUM & BROS.

DRY GOODS.

THE DRY GOODS TRADE OF MEMPHIS.

GRAND PREPARATIONS —FOR— FALL TRADE

COMPETITION DEFIED —AT— HOME OR ABROAD

IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE FAVORABLE prospects of a bountiful season, by which there must necessarily insure

A LARGE TRADE

We have concluded arrangements through which we propose to offer inducements for all

BUYERS TO PURCHASE HERE

1st—All Imported Goods we will Import Direct, or buy from the Importer's Agents.

All Domestic Goods we will buy direct from the Manufacturers.

Shoes we will have made to order; in fact, we will procure all our Goods FROM FIRST HANDS, thereby saving the Jobber's profits.

2d—Through our large capital we are enabled to BUY FOR CASH, thereby can buy closer than those buying on credit.

3d—We shall continue to SELL ONLY FOR CASH, which enables us to sell at a closer profit than those selling on Time,

4th—We will continually have our buyers in the East watching the market and attending the Trade Auction Sales, buying Bargains, which we will again Sell as Bargains.

Through these advantages, it must be apparent to all that we will be able to COMPETE WITH

ANY MARKET ON THIS CONTINENT.

People should not listen to the base fabrications of Cincinnati, Louisville and St. Louis drummers, that Memphis cannot compete with their markets.

MEMPHIS CAN NOW, AND WILL, COMPETE WITH ALL MARKETS

WE SHALL CONTINUE OUR

CLOAK MANUFACTORY

Under the management of a No. 1 CLOAK CUTTER, making up the LATEST PARISIAN STYLES, whereby we will save at least 25 per cent. and can thereby

SELL THEM 25 PER CENT. CHEAPER

Than those buying from eastern manufacturers.

We shall keep the LARGEST as well as the

MOST COMPLETE STOCK IN THIS CITY.

EVERY DEPARTMENT —WILL— BE COMPLETE.

Thankful to our customers for past patronage, we hope to keep a continuance of same, and through the GRAND PREPARATIONS WE HAVE MADE, the large increase of Stock and the close figures we shall sell at, we hope for a large increase of our custom.

We would cordially invite all WHOLESALE BUYERS to give us a call before purchasing their Fall Stocks,

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROTHERS,

Cor. Jefferson and Main Sts.

sel

COTTON---COMMISSION.

T. H. & J. M. ALLEN & CO.

191 Common Street, N. O.

THOS. H. ALLEN & CO.,

7 Monroe St., Memphis, Tenn.,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

se8 3m

J. T. FARGASON. J. H. TALBERT, C. C. CLAY OF MISSISSIPPI, WITH

FARCASON & CLAY,

[Successors to Fargason, Cordes & Co.]

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Cotton and Tobacco Factors,

AND GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

No. 330 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, - - - - TENN.

Cash advances made on consignments. Bagging, Rope and Supplies furnished. se8 6m

JOHN S. TOOF. CHAS. J. PHILLIPS. F. M. MAHAN

TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

And dealers in

Plantation & Family Supplies,

WINES AND LIQUORS,

No. 226 Front Street, Memphis

PARTICULAR attention paid to the storage and sale of Cotton on Commission. All consignments covered by our Open Policy of Insurance, while in transit, unless otherwise instructed.

Our stock of Bagging, Rope, Iron Ties and Plantation Supplies is full and complete, and will always be furnished on as reasonable terms as can be had in the city.

TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO., sep1 No. 226 Front street.

F. LANE. J. H. MARTIN

F. LANE & CO.,

Cotton Factors

—AND—

General Commission Merchants,

Corner Union and Front Streets,

MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE

Liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments. au9

J. A. SHANE. DR. A. HARRIS.

SHANE, HARRIS & CO.,

(Successors to Shane, Bell & Co.,)

Cotton and Tobacco Factors,

GENERAL COMMISSION

And Forwarding Merchants,

254 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

LIBERAL advances on Consignments. Bagging, Rope and Ties furnished to customers. A. G. HARRIS & CO, No. 17 Vine street, Cincinnati, Ohio. sep1 3m

J. F. DOWDY,

Cotton Factor

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 264 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

Liberal cash advances made on consignments. sep1 1m

W. W. GUY. J. H. M'CLELLAN. R. W. M'CLELLAN. T. C. PARK.

GUY, M'CLELLAN & CO.,

(Successors to Guy, Alden, McRae & Co., and Pearce, Park & Co.,)

WHOLESALE GROCERS

COTTON FACTORS,

And General Commission Merch'ts,

No. 204 Front Street,

(Between Washington and Adams)

MEMPHIS, TENN.

KEEP constantly on hand a large stock of well selected Staple Groceries, Bagging, Rope, Iron Ties, Twine, and Plantation Supplies generally. Special personal attention will be given to the sale of Cotton and every description of Produce; and as we have a large and commodious first-class Fire-proof Warehouse, will receive Goods on Storage for shipment, etc. All consignments of Cotton, etc., to us will be insured, unless otherwise instructed. Liberal cash advances made on consignments. au9 1m

E. B. WEBBER, Fayette Co., Tenn. JOHN W. WEBBER, Fayette Co., Tenn.

E. B. WEBBER & BRO.,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

General Commission Merchants,

230 FRONT STREET, : MEMPHIS, TENN.

Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco and Grain solicited. Liberal advances made on consignments in store. Bagging, Rope and Plantation Supplies furnished at the lowest market rates. au1 3m*

New Firm.

THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the style of NORTON & JOY, for the purpose of transacting a General Commission Business. JAMES NORTON, LEVI JOY.

Memphis, Tenn., July 6, 1868.

CARD.

JAMES NORTON, late Davis & Norton. LEVI JOY, late Wormeley, Joy & Co.

NORTON & JOY.

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

No. 334 Front Street, : : : Memphis, Tenn.

jy8 3m

HARRIS, COCHRAN & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

No. 254 Front Street,

KEEP constantly on hand a large and well assorted stock of Flour, Meal, Bacon, Pork, Lard, Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties, which they offer at the lowest market rates. au16

W. L. STEWART,

COTTON FACTOR

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 2 Bank Alley,

Near Madison Street, Memphis, Tenn.

Will attend promptly to the sale of Cotton and Produce, and fill orders for supplies for customers. au23 3m

J. J. RAWLINGS. J. L. WEBB. J. L. RAWLINGS.

J. J. RAWLINGS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

No. 254 Front Street.

UP STAIRS, - - - MEMPHIS, TENN.

We will sell all COUNTRY PRODUCE consigned to us. au18 3m

In former times it was a practice with the merchants to give five gallons good liquor for the first Bale new Cotton. By way of keeping up something like the old custom, we propose to pay a premium of fifty dollars in silver for the first Bale new Cotton sent us from Tennessee, to weigh not less than 450 pounds.

au18 1m J. J. RAWLINGS & CO.

TRANSPORTATION.

MEMPHIS AND LITTLE ROCK RAILROAD.

Open to Madison

Overland Route to Little Rock.

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMber 2, 1868, the train on the Eastern Division of this Road will run regularly as follows:

GOING WEST—Leaves Hopefield Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7:30 a.m., and arrive at Madison at 1 o'clock p.m.

COMING EAST—Leaves Madison Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7:30 a.m.; arrive at Hopefield at 1 o'clock p.m., and Memphis at 1:30 p.m.

The Ferryboat Nevada leaves the foot of Union street at 7 a.m.

Trains at Madison connect with the Stage Line between Madison and Devall's Bluff.

Passengers leaving Memphis at 7:30 a.m. arrive in Little Rock at 5 p.m. next day.

Tickets for sale at all the Railroad Ticket offices in the city.

Freights for Madison or way stations received by F. M. Patterson & Co., at their Wharf-boat, foot of Union street.

Freight to Way Stations must be prepaid.

Office of Road, No. 12 Jefferson street. au29 tf J. W. ROBERTSON, Gen. Sup't.

STILL LOWER REDUCTION IN FREIGHTS.

Shortest Line, Quick Time, Lowest Rates

MEMPHIS & CHARLESTON R. R.

MARK YOUR GOODS

—VIA—

Virginia and Tennessee Air Line

Rates via NORFOLK have been greatly reduced, and are as follows:

TO MEMPHIS, PER 100 POUNDS.

From	1st Class.	2d Class	3d Class.	4th Class.
New York	$1 65	$1 50	$1 30	.90
Boston	1 85	1 50	1 30	.90
Philadelphia	1 80	1 75	1 35	.90
Baltimore	1 54	1 40	1 20	.85

All Rail rates from New York to Memphis have this day been reduced to following figures:

First Class, per 100 lbs	$2 15
Second Class, per 100 lbs	1 90
Third Class, per 100 lbs	1 75
Fourth Class, per 100 lbs	1 25

This route having the SHORTEST LINE, is determined to transport Freights TO and FROM Memphis at as low rates, or lower, than any other line.

CLAIMS for LOSS and DAMAGE promptly adjusted.

For Bills of Lading or information, call on C. S. SAWYER, 278 Main street, or A. J. LOWE Agent at depot.

W. J. ROSS, Gen'l Sup't M. and C. Railroad.

JOS. C. LOPEZ, Gen'l Frt Ag't. sep2

Quickest Route to New York

—AND ALL—

PRINCIPAL NORTHERN CITIES

—IS BY THE—

Memphis & Louisville R. R. Line.

Summer Schedules, June, 1868.

Double Daily Through Trains

RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Leave Memphis (city time)	6:40 a.m.	3:40 p.m.
Leave Memphis (railroad time)	7:00 a.m.	4:00 p.m.
Arrive at Louisville	4:00 a.m.	12:00 p.m.
" Indianapolis	10:00 a.m.	6:00 p.m.
" Cincinnati	12 noon.	11:50 p.m.
" Cleveland	7 50 p.m.	6 25 a.m.
" Buffalo	6:30 a.m.	1:35 p.m.
" Niagara Falls	10:00 a.m.	4:05 p.m.
" Pittsburg	2:30 a.m.	10:45 a.m.
" Baltimore	6:20 p.m.	4:20 a.m.
" Washington	10:00 p.m.	5:15 a.m.
" Philadelphia	6:10 p.m.	1:26 a.m.
" New York	7:40 p.m.	5:00 a.m.
" Boston	12 night.	4:00 p.m.

4 p.m. Train connects for Nashville, arriving at 6:15 a.m.

The 6:00 p.m connects for Cairo and St. Louis, arriving at St. Louis at 1:30 p.m. next day.

THROUGH TICKETS

At reduced rates, can be procured at Company's Office, 237½ Main street, and at Depot, head of Main street.

Baggage Checked at Depot or by the Memphis City Transfer Company; at Hotels, Private Residences, or on board boats, to all principal points East and North.

SAM. B. JONES, Superintendent. ASA HILL, Passenger Agent. ja6

COTTON GINS.

EAGLE COTTON GINS.

WE are the Sole Agents for the sale of these unrivalled Gin Stands. For beauty of STAPLE, LIGHTNESS OF DRAFT, AND QUANTITY OF LINT COTTON turned out per day, they are unsurpassed. Reference can be safely made to every planter who has given them a fair trial. Where mule power is used, they make a saving of from one-quarter to one-third the draft OVER ANY OTHER GIN. We are also agents for STRAUB'S GRIST MILLS, and WHEELER, CLEMSON & CO.'S CIRCULAR SAWS.

McCOMBS & CO.,

Dealers in Hardware, Cutlery and Guns, 223½ and 224 Main Street, jy11 dawsm Memphis, Tenn.

Pratt's Southern Made Cotton Gin

THIS GIN is regarded by planters who have used it, as the best for sample, picking the seed clean and light draught. Planters cultivating bottom lands are requested to examine the Eureka Gin at Farrington & Howell's, 268 Front street. It will pay for itself in ginning fifty bales. A. N. Gunnison, manufacturer of the Steel Comb Gin before the war but now a planter, gives the following certificate:

"MEMPHIS, TENN., January 31, 1868.

"I take pleasure in recommending to planters cultivating Cotton on bottom lands of the Mississippi, Arkansas, White and St. Francis rivers, the Gin made by Daniel Pratt, of Alabama. This Gin separates the hulls, bolls, etc., from the seed Cotton, makes a good sample, and is superior to any other Gin for bottom lands. I have used one myself on a farm in Washington county, Miss., and it operates well and gives entire satisfaction in every respect. A. N. GUNNISON."

Orders for Gins, from 40 to 80 Saws and Gum Belting, at Factory Prices, addressed to the care of FARRINGTON & HOWELL, 268 Front street, Memphis, promptly filled. Presses and Gearing put up, and Gins repaired by a skillful Ginwright. G. W. TRUEHEART, jy28 Sawsm&w Agent for Daniel Pratt.

COTTON GINS! COTTON GINS

E. CARVER CO.'S

Improved Gins!

THE great number of these celebrated Gin Stands in use throughout this whole country, are actual working witnesses of their acknowledged superiority. No neighborhood is without some of these splendid machines, and we make reference to each and every planter now using them as to their superior advantages over all others.

Those needing Gins will consult their best interests when they bear in mind that the "E. CARVER CO.'S IMPROVED GINS" can be had with any desired number of Saws, either right or left hand motion, by calling on or sending their orders to

ALLISON BROTHERS,

Sole Agents, 270 Front St., Memphis.

Commission Merchants desiring to make purchases of Gin Stands for their customers, will find it to their advantage to call upon us. jy14 2m ALLISON BROTHERS.

CULLETT'S

STEEL BRUSH COTTON GINS

Orgill Bros. & Co., Agents,

MEMPHIS, : : TENNESSEE

WE are just in receipt of a shipment of the above superior Gin, manufactured under the immediate supervision of D. B. Gullett, of Aberdeen, Miss. The many certificates found in the catalogues give abundant testimony of the superiority of this Gin over any other now manufactured.

We are now prepared to furnish gins from 40 to 80 saws, right or left hands. Catalogues will be furnished on application.

ORGILL BROS. & CO., Nos. 312 and 310, an20 1m Corner Monroe and Front Sts.

SADDLERY, ETC.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS.

BRIDLES,
WHIPS,
SADDLERY,
HARDWARE,
TRUNKS, Etc.

AT REDUCED RATES.

C. H. CASE, J. C. CASE & CO., 277 Main street, Sign of the Golden Stirrup, Woodruff Block. sep1 tf

BOOTS AND SHOES.

J. M. GOODBAR. J. R. S. GILLILAND.

GOODBAR & GILLILAND,

Exclusive Wholesale Dealers in

BOOTS AND SHOES

HATS AND CAPS,

No. 201 Main Street, Webster Block,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

Our Fall Stock is now complete, to which we invite the attention of all Merchants.

sep6 2m

1868. FALL CAMPAIGN. 1868

—IN—

BOOTS & SHOES.

HAVING thoroughly canvassed the Shoe Districts this Summer, we are now able to offer to the Trade just the Goods to suit the people, at prices that will suit the people, at prices that will compete favorably with any city this side of Boston.

Call and examine, and you will buy your Shoe Goods in Memphis and save time and expense. Respectfully,

JOS. S. LEVETT & CO., au27 1m 336 Main street.

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ALLISON BROS.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in

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GUNS, CUTLERY, ETC.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

E. Carver & Co.'s Improved Cotton Gins,
MacNeale & Urban's Fire and Burglar Proof Safes,
Tennessee Charcoal and Kentucky Iron,

270 Front Street.

Merchants are respectfully invited to call and examine our Stock, which we are now daily receiving, before making their purchases elsewhere. Our Stock is large and complete, embracing every variety in a GENERAL HARDWARE BUSINESS, and we feel assured that we can offer the Merchants superior inducements to trade with us. We are determined to suit them in prices. Come and see.

sep6 3m ALLISON BROS.

ORGILL BROS. & CO.

Importers and Dealers in

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY, ETC.,

Nos. 310 and 312 Front St.

A large Stock of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, English and German Single and Double-Barrel Shot Guns,
Half and Full Stocked Hunting Rifles,
English and American Table and Pocket Cutlery,
Cast Iron Pots, Ovens and Skillets,
Rubber Belting, Iron and Steel,
French Window Glass,
Cotton and Wool Cards,
Copper Stills, Axes, Rope,
Blacksmiths' Tools, Builders' Hardware, etc.
Agents for the Guillet Steel Brush Cotton Gin,
Agents for Ingersoll's Cotton Press,
Agents for Bradford's (Cincinnati) Flour and Corn Mills,
Agents for Marvin & Co.'s Fire and Burglar Proof Safes. au18 1m

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THE COLLIER WHITE LEAD & OIL COMPANY ESTABLISHED 1837. INCORPORATED 1851. ST. LOUIS, MO.

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PHYSICIANS.

DR. NORRIS,

OCULIST,

237 Main Street,

Memphis, : : : Tennessee.

Cures all diseases of the Eye. A cure warranted in every case. Straightens Crossed Eyes with perfect safety. Patients from a distance accommodated with board at moderate rates. au16 tf

WILLIAM D. LYLES, M. D.,

TREATS DISEASES OF

Women & Children as Specialties.

OFFICE:

Corner Third and Madison Streets,

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SALOON.

BELLE MEMPHIS SALOON,

NO. 14 ADAMS STREET,

HAS reopened, and will furnish the best of

Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

For old acquaintances and new ones. au11 1m H. BARNETT, Agent.

DRUGS, ETC.

C. C. WARD & BROTHER,

SUCCESSORS TO WARD & LEVERE,

DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS

Corner Main and Adams Streets,

OPPOSITE WORSHAM HOUSE.

We pay particular attention to Filling Orders for Physicians and Families.

sep6 1m

RUSSELL'S

Dispensary, Infirmary and Drug Store,

Nos. 40 and 42 North Court St.,

MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.

DR. RUSSELL'S DISPENSARY AND INFIRMARY, the largest and oldest institution of the kind in the Southwest, established in 1859, pleasantly located at Nos. 40 and 42 north side of Court Square, Memphis, Tenn., is open for the reception of patients desiring treatment and the comforts of a home while receiving the same. Patients also treated at the office or by letter, if desired. Dr. RUSSELL is acknowledged by all parties interested as by far the MOST SUCCESSFUL PHYSICIAN in the treatment of Private or Secret Diseases. Quick, thorough and permanent cures guaranteed in every case, male or female. Recent cases of GONORRHŒA and SYPHILIS cured in a few days, without the use of Mercury, change of diet, or hindrance from business. SECONDARY SYPHILIS; the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary loss of Semen stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency or Loss of Sexual Power restored to free vigor in a few weeks. Gleet or Gonorrhœa of long standing, when all internal remedies have failed, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Victims of SELF-ABUSE and excessive Venery, suffering from SPERMATORRHŒA and loss of physical and mental power, speedily and permanently cured.

All consultations strictly confidential.

Chronic Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout, Paralysis, Deafness, etc., treated by the aid of Electro Magnetic Battery.

Office hours from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m., and from 2 to 5 p.m.

Those wishing to purchase Drugs, Family Medicines, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, etc., would do well to call at RUSSELL'S DRUG STORE, before purchasing elsewhere, Nos. 42 North Court street, under the Dispensary. je27

W. P. GRAY. C. W. BARRADALL

GRAY & BARRADALL,

APOTHECARIES AND DRUGGISTS,

No. 264 Second Street,

Vincent Block, N. E. corner of Court.

PRESCRIPTIONS carefully compounded at all hours. A large stock of the best Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Articles, Soaps, Perfumery, etc., constantly on hand. Doors open until midnight every night, after which time the night bell will be promptly responded to. au25 1m

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FIRST ARRIVAL OF FRESH

Pittsburg Coal,

—FOR THE—

HAYS COAL COMPANY

(Successors to BRIGGS & PETERSON.)

WHOLESALE and Retail Dealers in best Pittsburg Coal, from the Hays Mines, first pool, Monongahela river.

Office—234 Madison street. mh25 tf

COAL, COAL, COAL!

We beg leave to announce to the citizens of Memphis that we have opened a Yard for the sale of

MOUNT CARBON COAL

—AT THE—

FOOT OF MARKET STREET,

This Coal is unsurpassed for manufacturing or domestic purposes, and will be sold at a low figure.

All orders left at No. 20 Madison street, or at the Yard, foot of Market street, will receive prompt attention. au7 tf W. C. POSTAL, Agent.

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F. KATZENBACH

317 MAIN STREET, MEMPHIS, TENN.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Sheet Music, Music Books, Pianos, Organs and Melodeons, Musical Instruments and Musical Merchandise of every description.

Sole Agent for Steinway & Sons' Gold Medal Pianos, and Mason & Hamlin's Cabinet Organs.

SEND for Descriptive Catalogue and Price List. Schools furnished at as low rates as at New York or New Orleans.

Orders from the country punctually attended to. Small packages of Strings and Music Books sent by mail if the approximate amount of cash accompanies the order. Large packages by express, C. O. D. au20

DISSOLUTIONS.

Notice of Dissolution.

THE Law firm of Haynes, Stockton & Hart, has this day expired by limitation. They will occupy their old offices at No. 42 Madison street—B. Newton Hart the front, and Haynes & Stockton the rear offices.

B. NEWTON HART. HAYNES & STOCKTON. Memphis, August 31, 1868 sep1 2w

Dissolution of Copartnership.

MEMPHIS, September 1, 1868.

THE copartnership of Webb, Mitchell & Co., is this day dissolved by limitation of articles of agreement. All persons indebted to the firm, or having business with the same, will find our junior partner, L.